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UNDER THE PUNKAH.

By J. PENN.

I am privileged to announce that a preliminary meeting of persons interested in the "Better Pictures for Hong Kong" movement was held yesterday at the residence of Mr. George P. Bottlethwaite, who was unanimously elected to the chair.

In opening the proceedings, the Chairman said we had gathered together in the firm resolve to do something to remedy what had been described as an intolerable state of affairs. (Applause.) He (the Chairman) did not wish at that stage to impose his own personal views upon the meeting, and therefore invited expressions of opinion from those present as to what steps should be taken to bring to an end that condition of affairs which it had been said could no longer be tolerated in a highly civilised and cultured community as was this distant outpost of Empire. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Harold Doolittle rose rather shyly to a point of order, if not to a point of perfect audibility. He was understood to say that in his opinion progress of the discussion would be greatly facilitated if the Chairman gave the necessary orders to his No. 1 boy to gratify the possible desire of some present to lubricate their vocal organs.

The Chairman intimated that anyone desiring a drink of ice-water could obtain same by visiting the pantry. He added that the ice-box had been specially cleared out and re-stocked with gin-bottles (not bottles of gin) in anticipation of such a suggestion as that made by Mr. Doolittle.

Colonel Tytebell, Royal Horse Marines, retired, moved that steps be taken to appoint a Press Secretary whose duty it would be to provide really frank criticisms of all films shown in the Colony. As these comments would be probably considered grossly libellous by the proprietors of cinema-halls, he (the speaker) suggested they be published by the Government in the Official Gazette, thereby making that periodical much more interesting than was customary, and at the same time protecting the writer and publisher from legal proceedings.

The Rev. William Stiggins said he had never been to what he believed were sometimes called the "pictures," but from the illustrations he had occasionally and accidentally observed in turning the pages of the local papers he was convinced that the cinema was a place to be avoided by those who—like himself—were not interested in the exhibition of feminine garments of an intimate character and the undraped nether limbs of members of the opposite sex. At the same time, he was willing to believe the cinema could be made an edifying and—if he might say so—elevating influence, and he greatly rejoiced to hear that pictures entitled "Uncle Tom's Cabin,"

"Sandford and Merton," "Little Red Riding Hood," and "Pilgrim's Progress" would be shortly shown in the Colony.

The Hon. Richard Whittington, O.B.E., said he had been greatly shocked at some pictures he had been persuaded—much against his will—to see. He was all in favour of educative films, and suggested the exhibition of a series of pictures showing various Government Departments at work. The speaker complained that photographs of men in highly responsible official positions were being constantly published which depicted them playing bowls, or tennis, or golf, or on the grand-stand at the races, but never at work. Publication of such pictures was calculated to give the public an altogether wrong impression, and he therefore urged that films showing Government Departments actually engaged in their activities should be exhibited regularly. He was confident that sufficient work could be found to keep the personnel fully engaged while the cinema pictures were being taken if due notice were given of the photographer's coming.

Dame Grundy, President of the International Women's White Rose of a Blameless Life League, said the baneful influence of the cinema could be seen by anyone who took the trouble to observe the modes and manners of Hong Kong girls. She (the speaker) was unapologetically shocked at the immodest style of dressing followed by a deplorably large number of girls in the Colony. As President of the I.W.W.R.B.L. League she had distributed many leaflets among the young women travelling on the Kowloon ferry, in which pamphlets was explained the folly and wickedness of short skirts, tennis socks, and indecorous exposure of arms and chests. It was impossible, however, to persuade girls to abandon their wicked and wanton ways, while the films continued to put these ideas into the heads of the young and thoughtless. Dame Grundy suggested that no female under thirty should be permitted to go to the cinema unless the films shown were approved by the League of which she was so proud to be a member.

Several other speakers having addressed the meeting, all of them warmly favouring the formation of a "Better Pictures" Society, the Chairman closed the proceedings. In doing so, he spoke to the following effect:—

"Ladies and Gentlemen,—I have been greatly interested in what you have said this afternoon. After listening to your views, I am more convinced than ever that this Colony contains some of the most extraordinarily muddled minds to be found anywhere in the wide world. What a hash you would make of the job if you were appointed to pass final opinion on the standard of films intended for exhibition to the public! Your views are so narrow that they could pass through the eye of a needle and still leave room for the cotton.

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Diary of Coming Events.

Today (August 3.)
King Haakon VII. of Norway Born 1872.
Golf: Happy Valley Summer Meeting, Championship and Cup.
Lawn Bowls:—Division I: Craigengower v. Kowloon Docks, Kowloon Bowling Green v. Kowloon C.C. Recreation v. Police, Tai Koo v. Civil Service, Division II: Yacht Club v. Tai Koo, Kowloon C.C. v. Craigengower, Civil Service v. Recreation, H.K. Electric v. Kowloon Bowling Green.
Tennis:—"C" Division: South China v. H.K.C.C. Kowloon Football Club: concert, 8 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Dancing Daughters."
World Theatre: "Steamboat Bill Jr."

Star Theatre: "Tracked by the Police."
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 4.30 p.m.
Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel and Repulse Bay Hotel, 8.30 p.m.
Tides:—High: 7.10 a.m. and 9.44 p.m.; Low: 12.25 a.m. and 2.54 p.m.
European Mails:—Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Khyber), 10.30 a.m.
Sunday (August 4.)
Tenth Sunday After Trinity.
War declared between Great Britain and Germany 1914.
Golf: Happy Valley Summer Meeting, Championship and Captain's Cup.
Lawn Bowls:—Inter-departmental Competition, Prison v. Small Units.
Queen's Theatre: "Uncle Tom's Cabin."
World Theatre: "Out All Night."

Star Theatre: "Detectives."
Tea Dances: Repulse Bay Hotel, 4.30 p.m.
Tides:—High: 8.04 a.m. and 10.30 p.m. Low: 1.25 a.m. and 3.37 p.m.
Monday (August 5.)
1st Day of the Seventh Moon.
Golf: Happy Valley Summer Meeting, Championship and Captain's Cup.
Water Polo: Somerset v. Chinese "B" Kowloon "A" v. K.O.S.B. "B" V.B.C., 5.30 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Uncle Tom's Cabin."
World Theatre: "Out All Night."
Star Theatre: "Detectives."
Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, Peninsula, and Repulse Bay Hotels, 8.30 p.m.
Tides:—High: 8.57 a.m. and 11.08 p.m. Low: 2.15 a.m. and 4.15 p.m.

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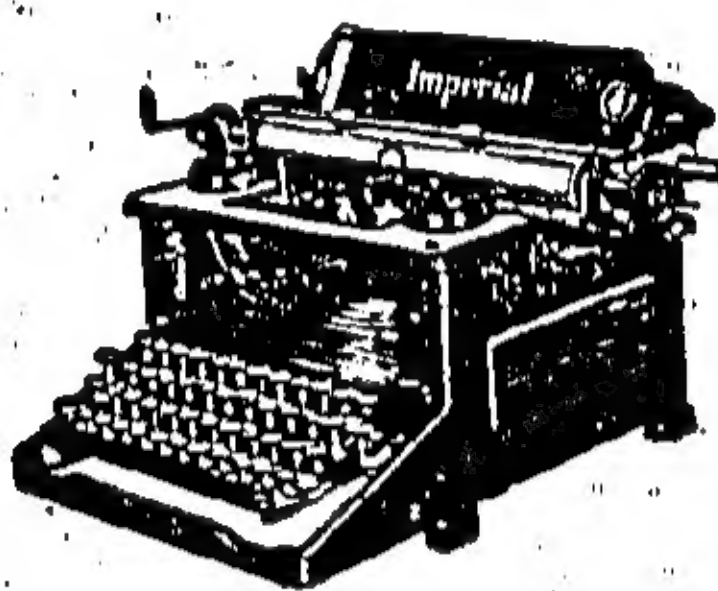
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AUCTION unless CLEARED on or before the 24th AUGUST, 1929, and/or
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Lot No.	Name of Stevedore	Cargo	Date Stored
D34878	Kitling & Co.	4 Cases Machinery	26/10/18
D34853	Do.	4 do. Machinery, etc.	3/12/18
D35511	Do.	4 do. Coffee Mills, etc.	17/8/19
E42373	J. T. Lloyd & Co.	1 Case India Rubber Goods	11/10/24

C. M. MANNERS,

Acting Secretary.

Hong Kong, 30th July, 1929.

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CHEMICAL GOLD.

FRENCH ALCHEMIST'S
EXPERIMENT.

SULPHUR, SILVER, AND
ANTIMONY.

[United Press.]

"Doulai, France, July 13.—Gold has
again been brewed in a laboratory
crucible, this time by an alchemist
who challenges the chemists, physi-
cists and the savants of the world
to verify his discovery.

M. Jolivet-Castelot, president of
the Alchemists Society of France,
insists that he has obtained ten
milligrams of good red gold by a
process of his own discovery, and
throws the gauntlet square at the
Academy of Sciences. Not only does
this present day follower of Thomas
Quinas, Raymond Lull and Roger
Bacon issue a challenge but follows
it with publication of the formula.

"I mixed six grams of silver
absolutely free of all trace of gold
with two grams of sulphur and
antimony, one gram of orpiment
and one gram of chemically pure
tin," the Alchemist said. "I sub-
jected the mixture to a heat of 1,100
degrees centigrade, bathing the pro-
duct in nitric acid and aqua regia.

"Indisputable Result."

"The result was indisputable. I
estimate the amount of gold obtained
at ten milligrams. The tin which
I include in the formula I did not
use in my experiment but it is cer-
tain that its use will increase the
amount of gold obtainable. I be-
lieve I have found the key to the
regular and industrial manufacture
of gold."

M. Jolivet-Castelot stated that he
had submitted his formula to scien-
tists of many nations for verifica-
tion and had in several instances
received testimonials that confirmed
his belief that he had at last found
the philosopher's stone.

Doctor Gaston Haysmans, Direc-
tor of the Public Health Labora-
tories at Brussels, wrote to the
chemist that, "I believe your ex-
periences permit the realization of
the dream of gold synthesis."

Dr. M. Paul om. Lind, professor
at Santiago, Cuba, wrote: "I have
not found it necessary to modify
your formula nor the process that
you indicated, for the transmuta-
tion took place exactly as you ex-
plained. I am ready to vouch for
the veracity of your experiments
and the positive success, this not to
flatter you because I do not know
you, but to add weight and strength
to the truth."

Fascinating Experiments.

Dr. J. Outon-Dumont, declared
that: "I have redone your experi-
ment in my laboratory, and I was
amazed."

The Academy of Sciences of
France has, however, refused to give
serious attention to M. Jolivet-
Castelot's discovery despite his re-
peated attempts to gain a serious
hearing. Nor, for that matter has
any other body of what the alchemist
describes as "official savants"
granted the discoverer an audience.

M. Jolivet-Castelot is only one
of a series of men who have claimed
they have discovered how to
transmute "base" metals into
gold. Alchemy, which lost its
standing when in the sixteenth and
seventeenth centuries it was put on
a scientific basis, becoming there-
with, Chemistry, has however con-
tinued to exist, fascinating
cranks and amateur chemists. Al-
chemist societies exist in all civil-
ized countries and have thousands of
members.

The last announcement of the
Laboratory manufacture of gold was
from Dr. Michie of the University
of Berlin who claimed that he had
transmuted mercury into the pre-
cious metal. This sounded plausible
because mercury contains but one
atom more than gold and it would
be possible to knock off the excess
atom by chemical process. New
York University professors in at-
tempting to verify the experiment
failed to obtain any gold. It was
therefore concluded that gold must
have existed in the mercury as an
impurity.

Discovery of a process for the
swift manufacture of gold would
revolutionise the financial and in-
dustrial world, the first by destroy-
ing the gold basis of the world's
money system, the second by supply-
ing a substitute for steel. Scientists
point out that a combination of
gold, platinum and iridium would
not only be harder than steel but
would have the additional advan-
tage of being rustproof.

Old street magistrate: What
drink did you bring from the
public house? Woman: A liquid
drink.

Deserted wife, at Willesden:
My husband must be in work, be-
cause he is driving about in his
car.

BROKEN ROMANCE AT FIFTY.

IRISHMAN'S ALLEGED 18
YEARS' COURTSHIP.

"SO LONG—UNSCATHED."

"No, old dear, I passed my
fiftieth year two days ago, and as
I have gone so long unscathed I am
going to take pot luck for the re-
mainder of the time. Once
again, miss, No, never more."

This extract from a letter, stated
to have been written by a man to
his fiancée, was read in the King's
Bench Division, before Mr. Justice
Horridge and a common jury when
damages for alleged breach of pro-
mise were claimed by Miss Joan
Gould, of Canovee, Killinardish,
County Cork against Mr. John
O'Sullivan, an employee of the Port
of London Authority, of Voltaire-
road, Clapham.

Mr. O'Sullivan denied that a pro-
mise of marriage was given.

Holiday Visits.

Mr. Willoughby Jardine, for Miss
Gould, said that she was the daugh-
ter of a farmer of Canovee, where
Mr. O'Sullivan formerly lived. She
had known Mr. O'Sullivan by sight
as a boy at school, but she first be-
came acquainted with him in 1903.

Her father died in 1905 and short-
ly afterwards Mr. O'Sullivan pro-
posed marriage to her. She spoke
to her mother about the matter and
her mother advised her that owing
to her father's death the wedding
had better be postponed.

Mr. O'Sullivan went to Canovee
for his holidays every year for a
considerable period, and was always
accepted as Miss Gould's fiancé.

A voluminous and affectionate
correspondence passed between them
for eighteen years.

Mr. O'Sullivan was on holiday in
Ireland in the summer of 1919 when
he told Miss Gould's brother that
he intended that the wedding should
take place later, and added that it
would have been celebrated long be-
fore but for the difficulty of obtain-
ing accommodation.

Mr. O'Sullivan was affectionate
towards Miss Gould in September,
1923, while on holiday, and talked
about obtaining possession of a
house. However, he left Ireland
without saying "Good-bye," and in
the following month he wrote the
letter quoted above.

The news reached Ireland later
that Mr. O'Sullivan had married in
England on February 24, 1924.

Witness and "Squeezes."

Miss Gould, giving evidence, said
that she was now over fifty years of
age.

Her family often sent Mr.
O'Sullivan salmon and other deli-
cacies during the war. He treated
her most affectionately after the
engagement, and always kissed her
when they met.

Mr. Justice Horridge: Did he
give you the squeezes he speaks of
in his letters?

Miss Gould: Yes.

Miss Gould, in cross-examina-
tion by Sergeant Sullivan, said that
she never authorised any one to say on
her behalf that if she had been
married she would have had a
fortune of about a thousand pounds.
She had never been present at an
Irish match-making.

Sergeant Sullivan: Your case is
that you and Mr. O'Sullivan tell
in love?—Yes.

Mr. Justice Horridge: Your sug-
gestion is that in other cases it is
always business?

Sergeant Sullivan: In most cases
the marriages are arranged by the
parents, and not by the young
people at all.

Sergeant Sullivan said later: "I
want you to point out any passage
in the whole correspondence in which
Mr. O'Sullivan makes any allusion
to approaching marriage or to fixing
a date for it."

Mr. Justice Horridge: If she has
to go through all these letters we
shall be here till Christmas.

The hearing was adjourned.

SOLE DIRECTORS DIE.

PROSPEROUS COMPANY'S
DILEMMA.

The extraordinary position in
which a company has been placed
by the deaths of two brothers on
successive dates was mentioned to
Mr. Justice Maughan in the Chan-
cery Division recently.

They were sole directors and
shareholders of a company called
A. Erith, Ltd., and the effect
of their deaths was that the com-
pany was unable to pass resolu-
tions, order cheques to be signed,
or transact any of the ordinary
business of a board of directors.

Singular Case.

Mr. Heckscher, for the executors
of the brothers, applied that their
names should be added to the com-
pany's register, respecting the
shares held by the brothers. He
said that he did not know of an-
other case like this.

The alternative to making this
application would be to wind up
the company, which would be dis-
astrous, as it was a prosperous
one.

Mr. Justice Maughan adjourned
the motion and directed that in
the meantime notice should be serv-
ed on the secretary to the company
requiring that the names of the
executors should be placed on the
register.

FILM "TALKIES."

BIG STARS IN DEMAND.

[United Press.]

London, July 13.—With British
business men convinced at last that
the Talkies have come to stay, a new
financial power, with immense re-
sources is expected to begin opera-
tions in London very shortly. So
far, an air of mystery and secrecy
has been thrown about the plans of
the proposed organization, but it
is known that the new trust hopes
to secure the services of Charlie
Chaplin, Ronald Colman, and other
big stars and feature them in
British Talkies.

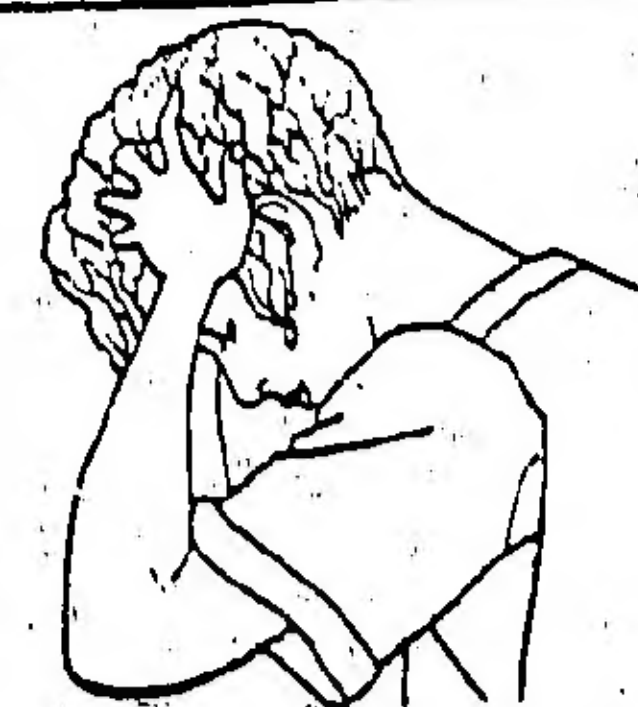
In this way the promoters of the
trust hope to resuscitate the British
film industry, and exploit the com-
mercial possibilities of British talk-
ing voices, and British talent
generally. A number of financiers
who have hitherto had no interest
in the film business are preparing
to launch a private company with
unlimited resources and interna-
tional guarantees to make British
talking films with famous artists.

Negotiations in Hand.

Negotiations are already in pro-
gress with personalities of inter-
national fame to see if they are pre-
pared to come to England and
work. The new company will act
as financiers only. It aims, how-
ever to secure the pick of the
world's production managers, tech-
nicians, artists and studio workers
with a view of founding a new
British industry modelled on the
idea of that in America which has
proved so eminently successful.

The brains behind the new syn-
dicate believe that the time is ripe
for the establishment of production
on a large scale over here, and it
is possible that it will work in
alliance with an American concern.
Broadly the scheme is one of in-
ternational co-operation rather than
competition, but the films will be
essentially British, and at the same
time have a world-wide appeal.

The company may take over some
existing studios, but it is probable
that it will erect its own adjacent
to London. These will be equipped
with the most up-to-date methods of
sound reproduction. It is hoped
that the new trust will be able to
handle talking and silent films
starring such artists as Charles
Chaplin, Ronald Colman, and other
big stars.



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letting it remain on over night
when possible. Then shampoo
with suds of Cuticura Soap and
warm water. Rinse thoroughly.
A clean, healthy scalp means
good hair.

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Company, Ltd., P. O. Box 880, Shanghai.
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A DOCK SMILE.

SENTENCED MAN ANGRERS
WOMEN IN COURT.

George Joseph Fletcher, aged
thirty-nine, a seaman, who was ac-
cused at the Old Bailey of defraud-
ing women in poor circumstances,
pleaded guilty to obtaining money
by false pretences, and he was also
found guilty of being an habitual
criminal.

The Common Serjeant said that
although Fletcher had been found
to be an habitual criminal, he could
not sentence him to preventive de-
tention unless he gave him penal
servitude, and he did not think that
it was a case for that.

Fletcher smiled broadly when sen-
tenced to two years' hard labour.

A woman in court: Oh you
beast smiling like that.

Another woman: I would like to
give him something to smile at
when he comes out. He had my
last penny.

A woman at the court door cried,
as Fletcher was taken below:
"Call me to speak for you,
George."

CHURCH NOTICES.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL,
HONG KONG.

August 4, 1929, 9th Sunday after
Trinity.—
Holy Communion at 8 a.m.
Children's Service at 10 a.m.
Sunday School at Peak School at
10 a.m.
Matins at 11 a.m.
Preacher:—Rev. N. Evans.
Holy Communion at 12 noon.
Evening at 6 p.m.
Preacher:—The Dean.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST,
SCIENTIST.

(Branch of The Mother Church,
The First Church of Christ,
Scientists, in Boston,
Mass., U.S.A.)

MACDONNELL ROAD, BELOW BOWEN
ROAD TRAM STATION.

SUNDAY SERVICE, August 4, 1929, at
11.15 a.m.

Subject:—Love.

The Sunday School is held on Sunday
Mornings at 10 o'clock.

Wednesday Evening Meeting at
8.30 p.m.

Reading Room at above address, open:—
Tuesday and Friday, 10 a.m. to 12 Noon.
Monday and Thursday, 5 to 7 p.m.

The Public is cordially invited to attend
the services and visit the Reading Room.

[57]

WESLEYAN METHODIST
CHURCH,

QUEEN'S ROAD EAST.

SUNDAY SERVICES, August 4, 1929.—

Morning at 10.15 a.m.—

Preacher:—Mr. W. H. Smith.

Evening at 6.00 p.m.—

Preacher:—Rev. J. C. Knight Austerly.

SERVICE AT HANLOW BARRACKS:—

Morning at 10 a.m.—

Preacher:—Rev. J. C. Knight Austerly.

SAILORS' AND SOLDIERS'

HOME,

PRATA EAST.

SUNDAY, August 4, 1929.—

8.00 p.m.—Men's Bible Class.

8.15 p.m.—Service Men's Hour.

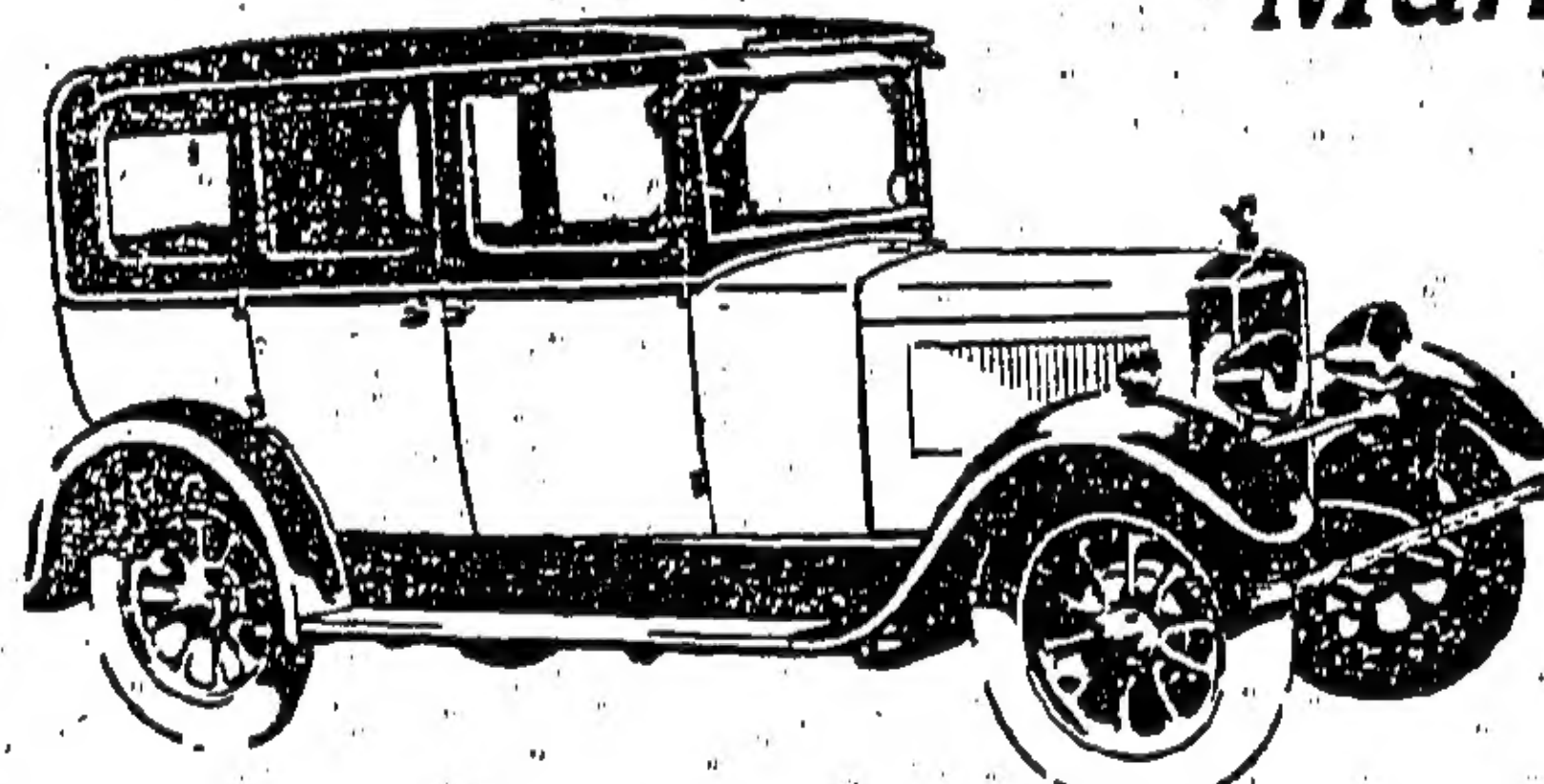
WEDNESDAY, August 7, 1929:—

8.30 p.m.—United Fellowship Meeting.

[4470]

MORRIS

—built for a World
Market



PRODUCT of Europe's greatest automobile building
organisation, they go to the cities, the hills and the
plains. To all countries, and, under all conditions, making
tracks round the world.

MORRIS—the name with a million friends, the name
that is trusted where the test is performance.

The reason for such world-wide confidence is the men
behind the machine. The men who design with know-
ledge of conditions, the men who build fine material with
expert care to make a car to meet the condition. The result
is the Morris car, built to be worthy of your confidence.

PRICES FROM

Ask your Morris Dealer for details

MORRIS AFTER-SALES SERVICE IS WORLD-FAMED AND
PRICES OF SPARE PARTS ARE FIXED BY THE FACTORY

MORRIS

MORRIS MOTORS (1926) LTD., COWLEY, OXFORD, ENGLAND

THE HONG KONG HOTEL, GARAGE
(HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.)
HONG KONG.

HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

Youth: "I feel as if I were tread-
ing on air."
Girl: "Here's father—you'd
better step on the gas!"

Father (proudly): "Yes, my
daughter is now getting a man's
wages."
Visitor: "Oh, when did she
marry?"

George: "If I'd known that the
tunnel was going to be so long,
I'd have kissed you."
She: "Good heavens! Wasn't
that you?"

Lady: "Are you sure that this
orchid will bloom every 100 years?"
Florist: "Yes, but if it doesn't
do so, I will take it back without
conditions."

"When the tourist arrived home
he fell on his face and kissed the
pavement of his native city."
Emotion?
"No, banana skin."

"Waiter, I've been waiting half
an hour for that steak."
Yes, sir: I know you have. If
everyone were as patient as you,
there would be no waiting."

Boss: "Sam, you never get
your work done: guess I'll look for
another man."
Sam: "Ah, glad to hear dat,
sir. Dar's enough wuk for both of
us!"

Wife: "How do you like this
dress? I bought it on the deferred
payment system."
Husband: "It looks as if you
have only put on the first instal-
ment."

"Do you ever work in the gar-
den?" inquired a friend of a finan-
cier.
"Well," remarked the latter, re-
flectively, "I sometimes water my
stocks."

Chatty Pedestrian: "So your
name is Shakespeare? A well-
known name, indeed."
William: "I reckon it ought to
be. I been shepherding here nigh
on 70 years."

Returning American Tourist (at
port of entry): "What! Four
hundred and fifty-seven dollars
duty for some American gowns and
a few 'other things' I bought in
Paris? Oh, what an outrage!"
Customs Officer: "Just an old
United States' custom."

Waitress: "Haven't they given
you a menu yet, mister?"
Famished Customer: "Yes, but
I finished that half an hour ago."

Elderly lady (at the observa-
tory): "Is that Mars?"
Astronomer: "No, that is
Venus."
Lady: "Fancy knowing that at
such a distance."

"What did you think of the en-
tertainers who did that duet?"
"Ideal! He played the piano so
loud in places you couldn't hear her
sing; and she sang so loud at times
you couldn't hear his playing."

Customer: "Can you vouch for
this table as coming from the
fifteenth century?"
Antique Dealer: "I certainly
can—why, it was so old that I had
to put four new legs on it and a
new top."

Roy: "Papa, what kind of
berries are these?"
Father: "Blackberries, my boy."
Roy: "Blueberries! Why, Papa,
they're red."
Father: "Yes, but only while
they're green."

"Now, then, come on! What's your
name?"
Speed Fiend: "Demetrius
Aloysius Hopplewaite."
Police: "None o' that now.
It's your name I want, not the
family motto."

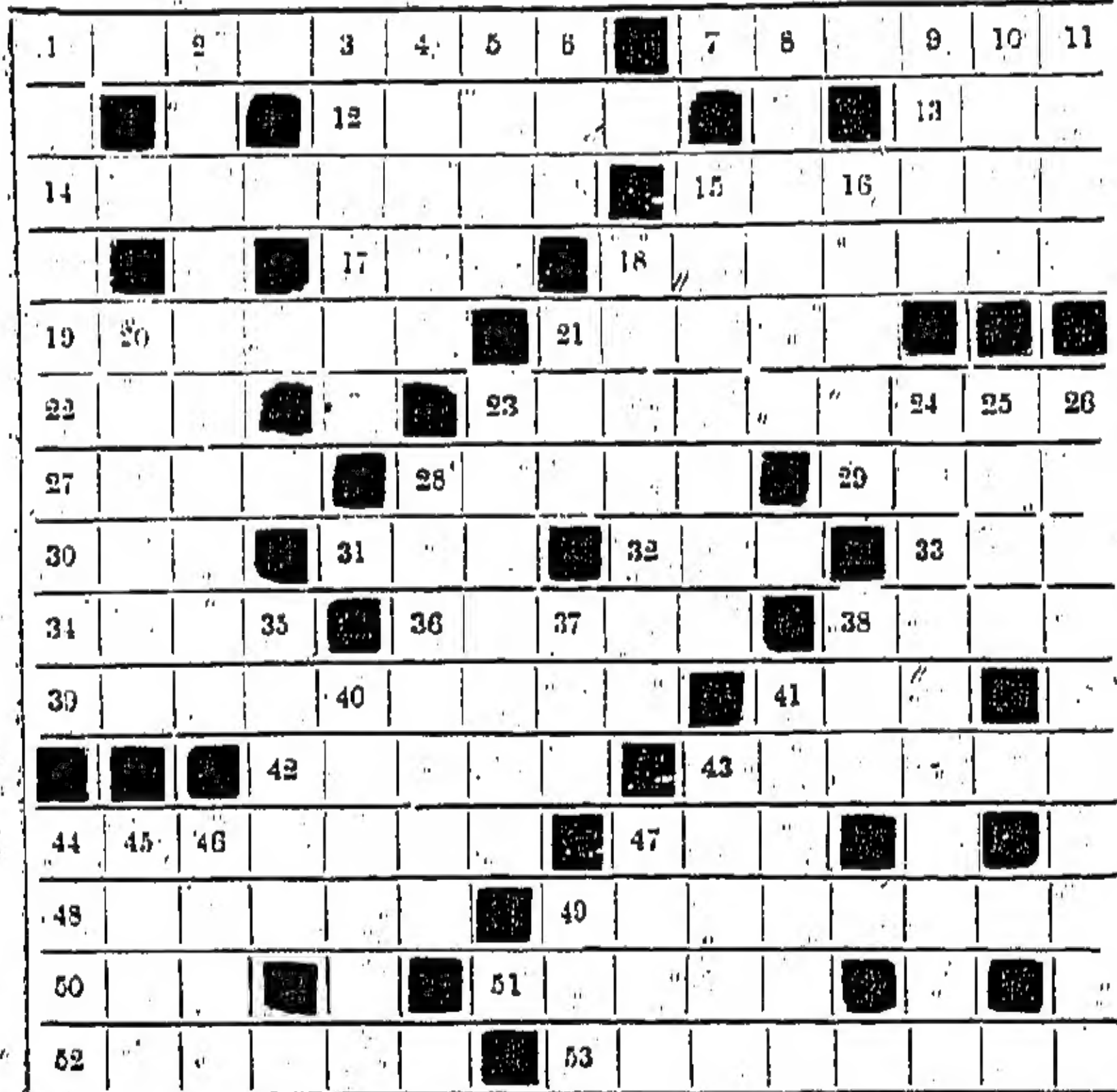
"How becomingly slender you
have grown," exclaimed a friend
to a lecturer returning home after
an extended trip. "How did you
do it?"
"The more grace," he replied,
"the less grease."

The Aberdonian walked sadly at
the end of the funeral procession.
"Are you one of the mourners?"
asked the undertaker.
"Am I yin of the mour-rr-
ners?" sobbed Angus. "Mon, he
owed me two pounds."

A lady motorist whose car had
swerved across a suburban street
and crashed through a plate glass
window was being questioned by
the local police sergeant after the
accident.

"Surely on such a wide street
as this," said the interrogator,
"you could have done something
to prevent this accident!"
"I did," the delinquent assured
him quite earnestly; "I screamed
as loud as I could!"

CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



Across.

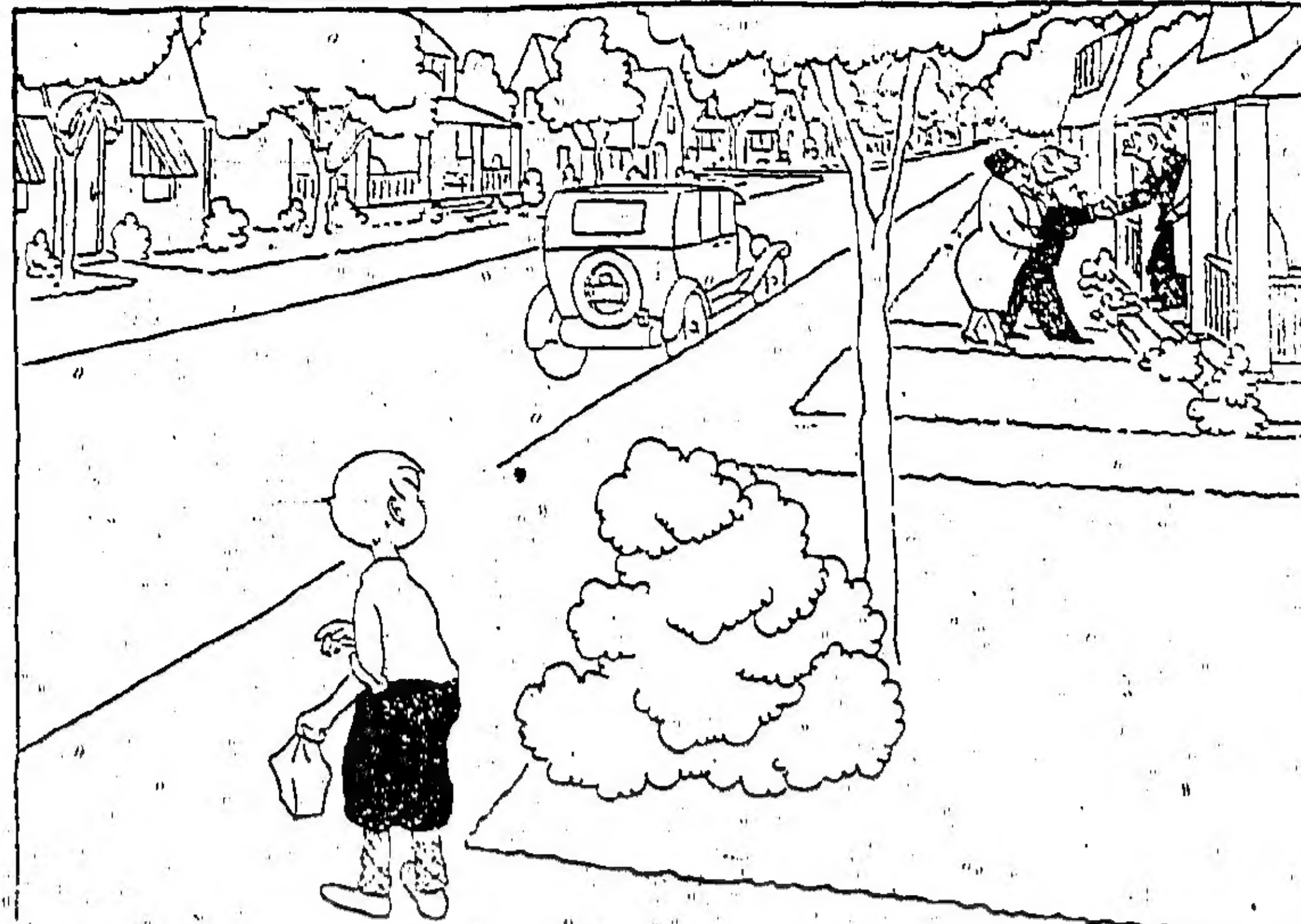
- 1.—Foot-covering.
- 7.—Fraud.
- 12.—Indian princess.
- 13.—Custom.
- 14.—Wandering life.
- 15.—Dungbill.
- 17.—Half of Isaac.
- 18.—Petition.
- 19.—Yield.
- 21.—Salisbury.
- 22.—Hall.
- 23.—Hidden.
- 27.—Pastime.
- 28.—Present occasion.
- 29.—Painful.
- 30.—Poem.
- 31.—Dog.
- 32.—Globe.
- 33.—Headgear.
- 34.—Tear.
- 36.—Less.
- 38.—Feature.
- 39.—Craftsman.
- 41.—Noise of bees.
- 42.—Mercenary.
- 43.—Repeated.
- 44.—Untie.
- 47.—Spoil.
- 48.—Man lent to.
- 49.—Washing.
- 50.—Used in tennis.
- 51.—Rustic.
- 52.—Help.
- 53.—Inclination.

Down.

- 1.—"Not poppy, nor —."
- 2.—That which completes.
- 3.—Enger.
- 4.—Holy man.
- 5.—This month.
- 6.—Nobody minus O.
- 8.—Unparalleled.
- 9.—Cornish town.
- 10.—Employs.
- 11.—Not quite a gentleman.
- 15.—Merchants.
- 16.—Famous French novelist.
- 19.—Ill-feeling.
- 20.—One who escapes.
- 21.—See 37 down.
- 23.—Amusing.
- 24.—Movement.
- 25.—Periods.
- 26.—Sort of colony.
- 28.—Mann designated.
- 35.—Kind of sofa.
- 37.—With 21 down a famous Ad-
miral.
- 38.—Grows on bushes.
- 40.—Allments.
- 41.—Royal official.
- 43.—Bird.
- 44.—Part of arm.
- 45.—One side in Parliament.
- 46.—Animals.
- 47.—Crests.
- 48.—Many.

DIFFICULT DECISIONS.

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



AWKWARD PREDICAMENT OF A BOY WHO, ON RETURNING
FROM THE STORE WITH ICE CREAM, FINDS THAT
CALLERS HAVE COME. IF HE TAKES IT IN NOW—
THERE WON'T BE ENOUGH FOR FULL-SIZE HELPINGS—
AND IF HE HANGS AROUND AND WAITS TILL
THEY'VE GONE, IT WILL ALL MELT IN THE SUN

GLUYAS WILLIAMS

(Copyright, 1929, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

7-9

SPORT AND ATHLETICS.

A DRAMATIC FIGHT.

Without question what was the
best women's lawn tennis of the
season was seen at Beckenham when
Great Britain met South Africa in
a two-days international match. At
the close of play each side had won
two matches. The most dramatic
fight of the afternoon was the vic-
tory-gained only at the post of
Miss Betty Nuthall over Miss
"Bobbie" Heine, the champion of
South Africa.

It was clear that Miss Heine has
improved immensely since she was
last in England. Miss Nuthall re-
last in England. Miss Nuthall re-
cently, too, returned to her best
form. The young Natalian display-
ed beautifully accurate strokes and
fine overhand service delivery. Her
backhand drive was specially clean.
Miss Nuthall opened with some
furious and none-too-accurate hit-
ting, so "Bobbie" Heine went
ahead to lead by four games to one.
Here the English girl showed real
mettle, and reeled off one game
after another to capture the first set
by 6-4.

Miss Heine was by no means done
with. In the second set the English
girl led by 4 games to 2, and in-
creased this lead to 6-3. Here her
opponent made a brilliant stand,
and ran out with the set at 8 games
to 6.

The third set also had dramatic
fluctuations. Miss Nuthall went
through to lead by 5-1. Once more
the South African lengthened the
rallies, and captured one game after
another until she had reduced the
margin to 5-4. Here Miss Nuthall,
serving, held two catch points at
40-15. Five-all was called; six-all;
seven-all. It was still anybody's
match. Whereupon Miss Nuthall,
with another brilliant burst, won
the most dramatic victory of the
year by 6-4, 6-3, 9-7.

CENTURY FOR WARWICK
MISSED.

Glamorgan experienced a trying
day in the field at Edgbaston, when
some splendid batting by Wyatt,
Parsons, and Smith helped Warwick
shire to finish the day in happy
circumstances. They had 442 on the
board for the loss of four men.
Wyatt's innings provided the
brightest cricket of the day. He
and Parsons added 189 in an hour
and fifty minutes, and never found
the slightest difficulty. Wyatt made
the majority of his 139 runs on the
leg side, though occasionally he
straight drove with much power, and
found the boundary fifteen times.
Parsons, reaching his 50 within an
hour, made forceful shots in all
directions, being especially severe
upon Ryan, and including eight 4's
in his 75.

Smith, who with Kilner made a
first-wicket stand of 81 in ninety-
five minutes, put his leg in front of
a straight ball from Mercer when
within three of the century. He
batted confidently for two hours
without giving a chance. Smith
largely paved the way for the
success of his fellows, and though
his boundary strokes were limited to
nine, he batted in skillful style.

F.A. AND NEWCASTLE'S
TOUZE.

The Football Association state
that a reply to the allegations made
in a report from the Hungarian
Football Association regarding the
tour of Newcastle United F.C. in
Hungary, has been received from
the club.

This reply will be communicated
immediately to the Hungarian F.A.
for their comments, and when these
are received the matter will be
further considered by the Football
Association.

UNORTHODOX METHODS.

Bill Riches, of Fulham, who acted
as substitute for John Sheehan of
Deptford, in the chief fifteen-rounds
contest at The Ring recently, gave
Tom Daly, of Bermondsey, a lot of
trouble owing to his unorthodox
methods. He stood with his right
foot slightly in advance, and con-
sequently was able to shoot out
either hand so unexpectedly that
he often sent Daly reeling.

Obviously Daly was puzzled, but
gradually solved the problem and
won on points. The loser would
have done better had he not in-
dulged in so much clinching.

Les Burns, of Bowes Park, out-
pointed Charlie Thomas, of Ham-
mersmith, but the decision was bad-
ly received. Johnny Clift, Clerken-
well, beat Billy Mack, of Bethnal
Green.

Alf Simmons, the Hackney light-
weight, scored another victory at
Premierland, where he beat Harry
Jennings, of Bethnal Green, on
points, in a fifteen-round contest.

George Brown, of St. George's,
showed promise while beating Pte.
Porter, of Birmingham, on points
over twelve rounds, while in a ten-
round bout Charlie East, of Can-
ning Town, beat Tommy Morgan,
of Wales, on points.

LONDON BOXER WINS.

Johanne Mann, of St. George's,
put up one of the best performances
of his career when he beat Frank
Carberry, of Liverpool, in twelve
rounds at Premierland recently.

The Liverpool boxer proved remark-
ably game in the face of terrific
right-hand punches to the chin, but
even when he was knocked through
the ropes he came back fighting.
His seconds threw in the towel for
him midway through the twelfth
round.

MAINLY FOR THE MEN.

In view of the controversy be-
tween the gipsies and the Epson
Downs Association it is interesting
to note how few gipsies in the
southern counties still really speak
Romany. A generation or two ago
every gipsy spoke the language
more or less fluently, although
among those who moved about the
South of England the grammar was
far more impure than in Wales, or
the northern counties, English con-
structions being used while the
words themselves were pure Ro-
many. Now-a-days, however, few
of the younger gipsies even speak
the language in this way. Certainly
Romany words are still introduced
into their English, but they are quite
unable to carry on a conversation in
Romany. The same thing has hap-
pened in a lesser degree in the
North of England, and it is only in
Wales that the language is still
spoken properly. The Welsh gipsies
pride themselves greatly on the way
then speak the language, and even
hold friendly competitions among
themselves as to who can speak the
best Romany. They still also con-
sider themselves the aristocrats of
the English gipsies, and never
dream of mixing with tribes from
other parts of the country.

Vital statistics which have been
issued by the Minister of Labour
show that the population of France
increased in 1928 to 41,020,000,
compared with 40,920,000 in 1927.
Births, exceeded deaths by 70,205,
compared with 65,042 in 1927. The
number of registered marriages was
239,014 in 1928 and 237,884 in 1927.
Last year 745,315 infants were born
alive, compared with 741,709 in the
preceding year. Deaths numbered
675,110, in 1928, and 676,966 in 1927.
Although these figures show an im-
provement over those of 1927, the
total population of the country, is
still less than before the War. In
1913 it was 47,885,000.

Sir John Fortescue, deliver-
ing the annual Romanes lecture
at Oxford on "The Vicissitudes
of Organized Power," paid a
remarkable tribute to world peace.
There never had, he said, been a
serious mutiny in the British Army.
There have been troubles among
isolated regiments but never any
grave revolt since the days of Crom-
well. This state of affairs he attrib-
uted to "the loyal patience of the
officers and the trust of the men,
not in the state, but in the officers."

The British soldier has
himself a gift of making
nations and languages and though
he has entered many countries as
a conqueror, there are few he has
not quitted as a friend. Officers
and sergeants have gone forth, as
it were, as missionaries to preach
to scores of races—Christian and
heathen—the gospel of their own
sects—service, obedience, sacrifice.
"We take it as a matter of course,
but it is a very great achievement."

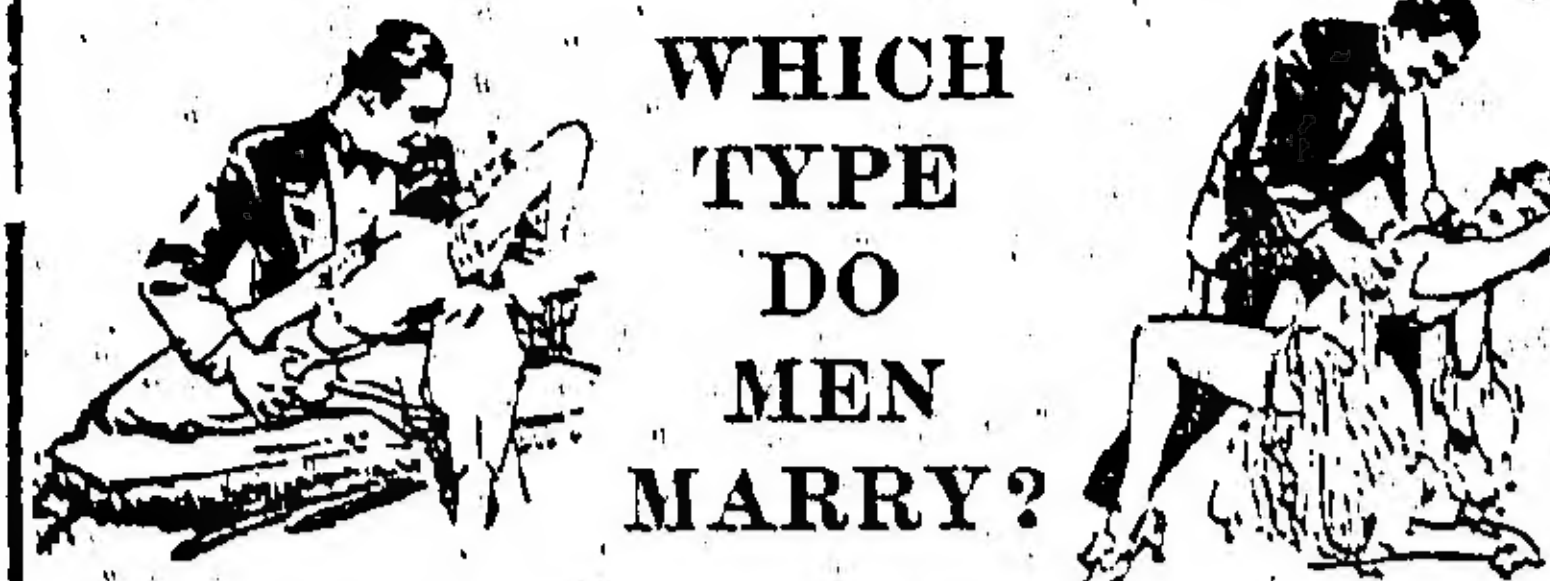
The Pax Romana was great, but
possibly centuries hence historians
may agree that through the peculiar
schooling and character of the
British officer and soldier, the Pax
Romana was eclipsed by the Pax
Britannica.

A tale of a lost toll-bar gate is
causing amusement in Southamp-
ton and district. At a cost of near-
ly £20,000 the Southampton Cor-
poration bought a stretch of road
extending from Southampton to
Hedge End, a distance of about
four miles, and so freed three old
toll-gates.

Recently an elaborate programme
was arranged, in which it was in-
tended that the three gates should
be spectacularly and actually lifted
off their hinges by the Mayor, with
assistance.

Two gates, one at Southampton
and the other midway, were duly
put aside, but when the Mayoral
party arrived at Hedge End no
gate could be found. It had been
stolen during the night, and all
that could be done was to cart one
of the other gates along the road,
put it into position, and solemnly
lift it off again.

Now the stolen gate has been
found reposing in the Recreation
Ground, only a short distance from
its original position, and tied to it
with string was a laurel wreath
with a card bearing the words, "In
Memory of Ye Old Toll Bar. Gone,
but not forgotten. Please do not
touch."

WHICH
TYPE
DO
MEN
MARRY?

A Woman of experience, a girl reared
strictly, a jazz mad flapper—
which type do men marry? See the answer,
startling, daring in this magnificent picture
of modern youth!

JOAN
CRAWFORD
IN
OUR
DANCING
DAUGHTERS

with JOHN MACK BROWN, GWEN LEE.

AT THE QUEEN'S FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.SPECIAL M. G. M. NEWS REEL
Including interesting scenes of Vesuvius in
eruption, The Derby, and Paulino in training.

A SURPRISE COMEDY

With a terrific tornado for its smashing,
tearing climax!

BUSTER KEATON

IN

STEAMBOAT BILL, JR.

with

ERNEST TORRENCE

AT THE WORLD FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.20.RIN-TIN-TIN, the Canine Marvel, in a splendid
adventure story.WARNER BROS. PRESENT
RIN-TIN-TIN
IN
"TRACKED
BY THE POLICE"AT THE STAR FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.30 & 9.20.YOU WILL STOP, LOOK,
AND LISTEN
IF

YOU VISIT THE CONCERT

AT THE

KOWLOON FOOTBALL CLUB

ON

SATURDAY AUGUST 3rd
9.15 P.M.

WHEN YOU ARE DUE FOR LEAVE

Send a Clit to 11, Ice House Street,
and order the Hongkong Weekly Press
to be sent to you for—

Three months \$3.75
Six months \$7.50
Twelve months \$15.00

SUMMER UNDERWEAR

AS YOU LIKE IT



Far be it from us to tell you what Underwear you should wear. Perhaps you have a liking for India Gauze—open or pull-over style—you may be a wool-all-the-year-round man, you may find life unbearable in anything but Aertex. It is because we realise this so well that we keep all these kinds—and many more. Among them you are sure to find underwear as you like it.

GAUZE ... \$3.00 Each.
AERTEX ... \$3.75 "
B. V. D. ... \$1.75 "
Cash Discount 10%.

Mackintosh's



This might be your house!
Insure your residence against Fire

THE GENERAL ACCIDENT FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE CORP., LTD.

For information apply

AGENTS:

J. H. BACKHOUSE, LTD.

TEL. No. 1733.

1A, CHATER ROAD.

DIRECTORY

OF

THE FAR EAST

1929

Classified List of Manufacturers
and Merchants in Japan,
China, Straits, Etc.

Hong Kong Daily Press Office.

CORRESPONDENCE.

MORE ABOUT FILMS.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR.—Although not a Director, I do happen to know a good deal of the inside workings of the Hong Kong Amusements Co.

It seems to me rather an extraordinary thing that the chairman at the general meeting, should have gone out of his way to make some very favourable comments regarding Mr. Ray's service with the Company.

On this account the Directors are evidently not in a position to give a reply to the criticisms of pictures, as actually, practically all these pictures which the Directors must agree are some of them not good—were contracted for by Mr. Ray before his resignation, notwithstanding the oft-repeated complaints that the films were better during his regime. Having been contracted for by a responsible servant of the company, they must be taken up. Reginald Denny pictures—I believe they are Paramount efforts—and other good pictures from the same studio had to be discontinued for some time, owing to difficulties this studio's representative had with the late Managing Director. Gradually these difficulties have been smoothed over, and we are bound to see more of this excellent studio's production as time goes on.

As regards the pictures shown, it is a well-known fact that in contracting for a series of pictures issued from a studio, the purchaser cannot pick and choose if clients are to be catered for, as if a regular service is required the producer must take all or none.

Further, the question of what is an attractive picture or not I thought a matter of individual taste. However, I now see it is all a question of degree of intelligence, but anyway the result is the same, what suits one does not suit another, but it requires a much higher management than any mortal one to put this right.

As regards price, for a decent seat in a London cinema show the price is 5s., which is 150 per cent. more than the same class of seat here. The chief picture in a London show runs for at least three weeks constantly, whilst here owing to less population it is necessary to have a change of picture three times a week. Even the lowest degree of intelligence, and I venture to hope the highest degree of intelligence also, can see the risk of getting a certain number of poor pictures if the management has to get 150 pictures per annum, i.e., three per week, instead of 17 pictures per year or once every three weeks. It reflects greatly to the credit of the management the fact that almost ten times as many pictures are bought for display and yet the seating prices are kept at such a low figure in comparison with more thickly populated areas.

As regards choosing of pictures for foreign clients by a Chinese staff, this if it were done would, of course, be suicidal. Actually, the pictures are chosen by the issuing studios, who contract to give a regular supply, and the Chinese staff can be neither praised nor blamed for the pictures being poor or otherwise. They must be shown as received, or there would be no pictures to show at all, and although some of your correspondents might think this a blessing judging from the trend of their letters, there are many others who would be very sorry.

The enticing advertisements are also supplied by the advertising experts attached to the same studios, and are sent with the pictures, so if they are misleading then the entire world is being misled, as I venture to hope that even the average intelligence will realise that none of the Metro Goldwyn, Paramount, etc., pictures are made exclusively for Hong Kong.

In conclusion, if any sufficiently interested person cares to purchase any of the recognised cinema magazines, and refers to the names of the leading studios, and takes note of the releases of the Hong Kong

AN APPEAL TO THE FERRY COMPANY.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR.—The Kowloon Residents' Association would be doing a great service to the public who have to make use of the Star Ferry every day if they would advise the Star Ferry Co. to erect signals on either side of the wharves to show when the launches are coming in or going out.

At present a great deal of inconvenience is caused to the travelling public who do not know when the launches are arriving or leaving, and have to rush about in order to catch a ferry. Some two years ago there were signals on both the Hong Kong and Kowloon wharves, but without any reason they were taken away and have never been replaced. I am sure it will not cost the Company much to replace these signals, and the service they would render to the public would be much appreciated.

One word more. Could not these "sailors" be instructed to be a little more polite to their patrons, and not slam the gates against unfortunate passengers' faces? A little politeness would not cost anything, and the goodwill gained would be immense.

Thanking you for allotting me space in your popular paper for this letter, and hoping that some good may result from it.—Yours, etc.,

S. C. KNOX.

Hong Kong, August 2.

MOTOR-BUS SERVICES.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

SIR.—There appeared in your issue of the 19th ultimo a letter from "Footsore" requesting the Hong Kong Tramway Company to extend its Happy Valley bus service to Village Road to the Jewish cemetery. Nothing has so far transpired, and I suppose the Tramway Company notorious as it is for its scant treatment towards its patrons and utter unconcern for the interests and welfare of the public—do not propose to do anything, except howl and rave later when a more enterprising concern—which will study the public needs step in and fill a long overdue need.

Let us hope the Hong Kong Hotel Company will come along now and start to run a few buses from the Jewish Cemetery to Statue Square, say every quarter of an hour, from 8.30 a.m. to 9.30 a.m. and 1 p.m. to 2.15 p.m., and leaving Statue Square say, every quarter of an hour, from 12.45 to 2 p.m. and from 5 to 6 p.m.

The Tramway Company deserves no sympathy from the Government or anyone else. Its trams are dreadfully slow, and its buses are most uncomfortable and often like ovens with the windows purposely so adjusted that the majority only open a few inches. The comfortable buses of the Hotel Company would be a boon.

Surely the Government will permit the Hotel Company to do something as indicated, particularly when the Tramway Company does not intend to move, and one hopes that the Hotel Company will set to work with its note run, which is bound within a very short time to be a well paying one.—Yours, etc.,

TRAVELLER.
Hong Kong, August 2.

Amusement Co., it will be found that films from all the best studios are shown here, and surely the highest intelligence cannot expect better than the best.

The handsome profits the company has made, notwithstanding having purchased a constant supply of first releases from the leading studios at a price evidently satisfactory to the studios concerned, points to the fact that the theatres must be well patronized, and this must mean that at least a good many patrons in Hong Kong are well satisfied.—Yours, etc.,

X.Y.Z.
Hong Kong, August 2.

BY MAIL, WIRE, AND WIRELESS.

London.—The accounts of the West Ham Tramways undertaking for the past year show a trading surplus of £26,232, as compared with a surplus the year before of £21,603.

Hastings.—A bed was formally endowed by the Printing Machine Managers' Association at the Hermitage Home of the Printers' Medical Aid and Sanatorium Association, at Hastings.

Wellington.—Mr. F. Hugo Fox, head of the woolen industry in Wellington, has handed to the Governors of Wellington School, Somerset, of which he has for many years been chairman, the sum of £1,000 for the foundation of a leaving scholarship.

Doncaster.—A verdict of "Death from Natural Causes" was returned at an inquest on the body of James Kerwin, 55, an old soldier, who was found dead in a cave which he had dug and lived in for 20 years at Bawtry, near Doncaster.

Chatham.—A fire occurred in the pleasure steamer Essex Queen, belonging to the Medway Steam Packet Company, which was lying at Strood pier, near Rochester Bridge. The fire brigade extinguished the flames.

Moscow.—At a meeting of the Soviet of People's Commissars of the R.S.F.S.R. (Russia proper), it was reported that absenteeism in the factories caused a loss of 20 days per workman per year. At the Trekhgornyy cotton mills, employing 7,200 workmen, the number of cases of infringement of labour discipline was 1,500 in a year.

Bangkok.—Contrary to reports, no wireless telephone service has been opened between Germany and Siam. The conversations which were held between the Nauen wireless station and Bangkok recently were experiments carried out at the request of Prince Purachatra, the Minister of Commerce and Communications.

Geneva.—The League Economic Committee, of which Sir Sydney Champan (Great Britain) is Vice-President, met in Geneva recently. It approved the proposal of the Coal Sub-Committee to proceed on September 30 next to consult a mixed group of experts from consuming countries, knowing the opinion of employers and workers' organizations, with a view to the continuation of the coal inquiry.

Tarnow.—The remains of General Josef Bem, who played a notable part in the struggle for Hungarian and Polish independence, were placed in a mausoleum, erected for the purpose, in the city of Tarnow, the general's birthplace. The ceremony was attended by thousands of people and by a large number of troops. The general's remains had been brought from Aleppo, where he died in 1880.

Sydney.—Mr. William Macleod, one of the founders of the Sydney Bulletin, has died, aged 79.

Halifax (N.S.).—Nova Scotia and New Brunswick are considering the establishment of a joint office in London, with an Agent-General to represent both Provinces.

Delhi.—The Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes met to discuss the resolutions passed by the Ministers' Sub-committee on the Butler Committee's Report.

Rangoon.—During a storm at Akyab a launch carrying about 50 passengers foundered, and only 20 of them were saved. Another launch had an exciting time, nine passengers being washed overboard, but eight were saved.

(Continued on next Column.)

"RED" AGITATORS IN HONG KONG.

POLICE VIGILANCE REWARDED.

FOUR ARRESTS.

An alert watch was kept by the police for activities by agitators who might be likely to enliven "Red Thursday" by a little sedition in Hong Kong.

Inflammatory leaflets were in fact distributed in certain centres where there was less risk of detection, and the mischief makers also resorted to throwing "literature" from the upper storeys of buildings. Officers of the Criminal Investigation Department, assisted by district watchmen, made a search of boarding houses and other likely haunts, but it was not until late in the evening that they were able to capture a few of the Communist agents with their propaganda near the Sincere Company's premises.

Disclosures in Court.

The sequel was heard at Central Magistracy yesterday before Mr. E. W. Hamilton when a number of men were placed on trial. Detective-Sergeant Mottram produced a quantity of papers, some of which had been distributed in the streets. A boarding house man was charged with possession of the "literature" and remanded for one week.

A batch of three men were then brought up on charges of possession and distribution of seditious propaganda. It was stated that a Kwangsi man and a Hakka, two of the defendants, were among those caught near the Sincere Company. The third, a Cantonese, would not have been in the dock but for the fact that he followed the man arrested at the boarding house. His behaviour in the Central Police Station compound prompted the officers to search him. Seditious "literature" was found in the pocket of his trousers. A remand for one week was also allowed in this case.

Neath.—Benjamin Harris, 14, a schoolboy, of Skewen (Glam.), was passing a canal bridge at Neath when he saw Francis Davies, aged 23, fall into the deep part of the canal. He jumped in and rescued the child.

Inverness.—The Town Council have agreed to offer the freedom of the burgh to Mr. MacDonald, Mr. Baldwin, and Sir Murdoch MacDonald, M.P., in recognition of the distinction they have brought to the Clan MacDonald. Mr. Baldwin's mother was a MacDonald.

London.—The Corporation of the City of London are proposing to spend £21,500 on widening St. Paul's churchyard and Cannon-street to a minimum of 60ft. between the Rotunda and Red Lion-court and on widening Friday-street between Watling-street and Cannon-street.

MONEYLENDERS AND THE LAW.

USE OF REGISTERED NAME NECESSARY.

KNOTTY POINTS OF LAW.

A curious case has occupied the attention of the Puisne Judge in the Summary Court during the two last Friday sittings and was yesterday adjourned till next Friday.

Sapeoran Singh, a moneylender, claimed \$315 on a promissory note said to have been signed by three men of whom the first was in court. This man, who was sued under the name of K. U. Leung, denied all knowledge of the plaintiff or of the loan and declared that his name was Y. S. Ling. The second signatory, Fung Shu Hay could not be found, and the third Li Kim was stated to have gone bankrupt.

Mr. J. Wiltshire, bailiff of the Supreme Court, gave evidence at the first hearing of serving the writ on defendant, who, he said, ran away through the back door on seeing him approach with the moneylender. Witness knew him as Y. S. Ling.

The case was adjourned in order that the plaintiff should subpoena Li Kim to give evidence as to the identity of the defendant.

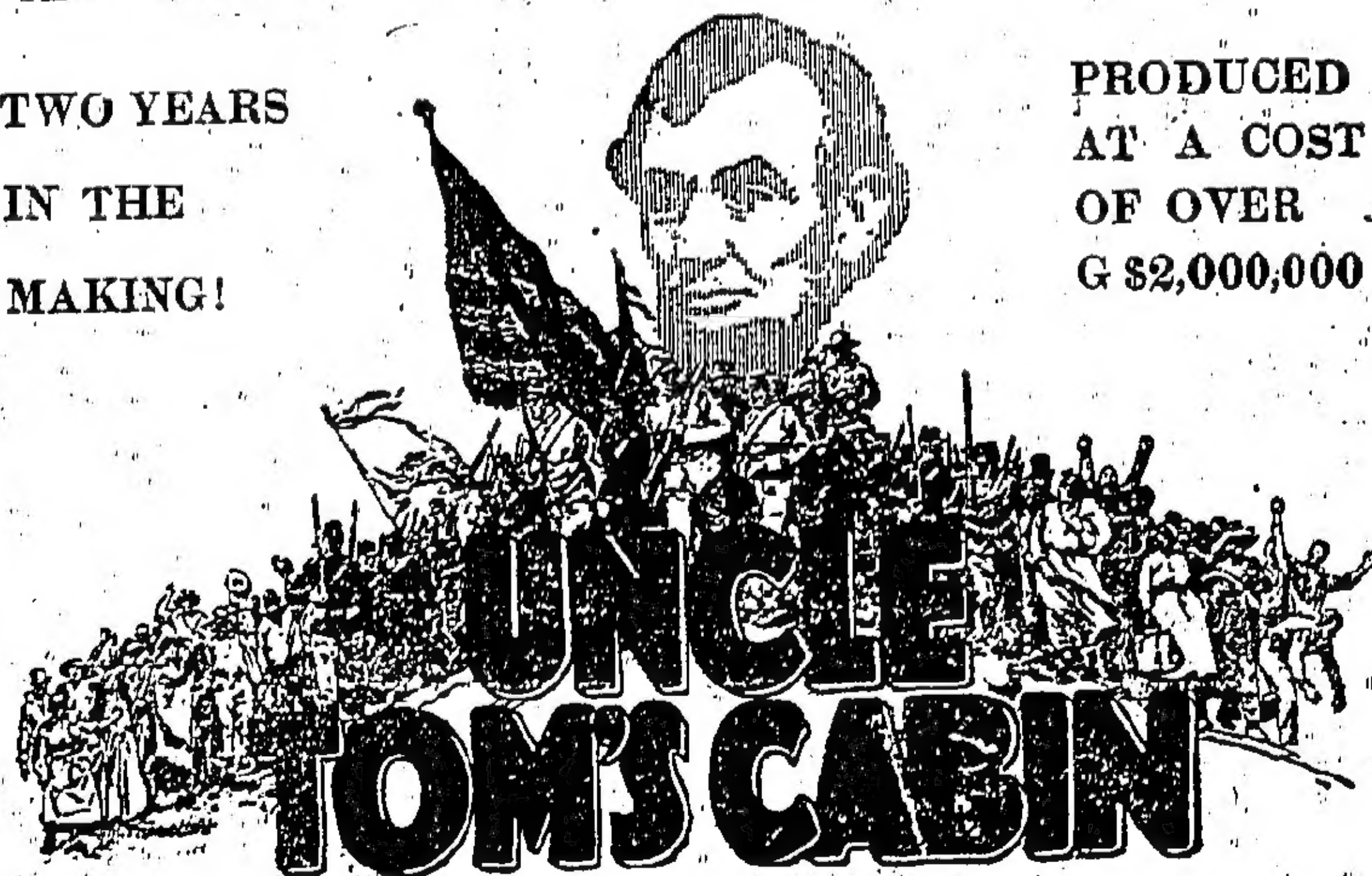
A New Point.

After further evidence had been heard, yesterday the defendant still maintained that he had no knowledge of the plaintiff. The Puisne Judge said that a new point had arisen. He had looked up the ordinance and found it laid down that a moneylender should only trade under his registered name. There had been a case in 1924 when two moneylenders had formed a partnership and registered their names as partners. One of these two later accepted a note in his own name and failed to recover because it was not in the registered name of the firm. From the ruling in that case it would appear that the Moneylenders' Association of which the plaintiff was a member and in whose name the writ was issued was in the same position. The note was made out not to the association but to Sapeoran Singh, and while he felt sure that the members of the association had acted in good faith the note was not really taken up on their behalf but on behalf of one of their members. He advised the plaintiff to give up the association and claim in his own name and to get the advice of a lawyer. He restored the matter to next Friday's list.

THE GREATEST HUMAN DRAMA EVER SCREENED!

TWO YEARS
IN THE
MAKING!

PRODUCED
AT A COST
OF OVER
G \$2,000,000



SHOWING AT THE
QUEEN'S SUNDAY TO WEDNESDAY
SPECIAL TIMES: 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30.

ALWAYS BETTER PICTURES AT THE QUEEN'S.—
JUDGE FOR YOURSELF ON SUNDAY.

LIKIN TO BE ABOLISHED.

KWANGTUNG'S NEW PLAN.

EXCISE DUTIES IN THEIR PLACE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, August 2.

The local authorities are taking steps to abolish *likin* throughout Kwangtung. At the last meeting of the Financial Committee of the Province it was decided that all *likin* should be done away with by the end of February, 1930. This will be carried out in steps, thus to allow for a gradual introduction of other forms of taxation. In October of this year all *likin* on raw silk will be dispensed with and a new tax, the raw silk excise tax, will be introduced.

In December this year the second step will be taken, when *likin* on oil, tea, marine products, china ware, drugs and paints will be done away with, and in their places, excise duties will be introduced.

Finally, *likin* of all kinds will be abolished next February, and excise duties will be levied on such articles as paper, timber, cattle, hides, ores, soy beans, cotton, and the like.

The authorities are of the opinion that the *likin* on raw silk should be abolished first since it retards the development of the industry in the Canton-Delta.

ANOTHER AERODROME.

Another aerodrome is to be constructed in Canton, Lean Dog Ridge, to the east of Canton and close to Mount White Cloud, having been selected for the site. The Military Headquarters have sent the aviator Chen Hing Wan to survey the place preparatory to construction. The need of another aviation field in Canton has long been felt, and the question was first mooted when Marshal Li Tsai Hsin was in power. Lean Dog Ridge was recommended and met with the approval of Marshal Li. Everything was planned, and construction was about to be begun when the Kwangtung-Kwangsi war stopped everything.

EAST RIVER COMMAND.

Tsai Ting Kai, the newly-made Divisional Commander of the 60th Division, left Canton to-day for Waichow to take over his new post. His troops are scattered throughout the East River districts, but his staff and chief subordinates are assembling at Waichow for the inaugural ceremony.

GENERAL "DUNNED" BY TROOPS.

FOLLOWED TO HONG KONG.

After his defeat in the Swatow district, General Hsu King Tong, the pro-Kwangsi leader, turned over the remnant of his forces to his chief subordinates and went to Hong Kong.

Now, according to the vernacular Press, hundreds of General Hsu's former hosts are swarming into the Colony and demanding payment. A large amount has been given these men, payment being made at the Asia Hotel.

BANK HOLIDAY.

POSTAL ARRANGEMENTS.

We have received the following notice from the Postmaster-General:—On Monday, August 5, the G.P.O. and branch post offices will be open from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. There will be one collection from the pillar boxes and one delivery of ordinary correspondence as on Sundays and one delivery of registered correspondence at 9 a.m. The money order office will be entirely closed.

THE KWANGTUNG BUDGET.

NINE MILLION DOLLAR DEFICIT.

BIG REVENUE FROM LIKIN AND OPIUM.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, August 2.

Mr. Fan Ki Mo, the Finance Officer for Kwangtung, has to-day made public this year's budget of income and expenditure for the Province. He estimates that the revenues will be \$92,150,990 and the expenditures for the same period \$41,170,992, showing a deficit of \$50,979,998.

REVENUE.

The Salt Gabelle	\$7,533,240
Cosmetics surplus	336,076
Stamp duty	1,704,000
Wine and tobacco tax	5,588,417
Cigarette tax	2,193,000
Likin	8,168,430
Special luxury tax (not started yet and no estimate)	
The Opium Monopoly	7,558,728
Tax on explosives	404,000
Sugar tax	450,000
	\$32,150,990

EXPENDITURE.

Expenditure is apportioned as follows:

(A.)—Regular Expenditure.	
For the Kuomintang	\$ 230,920
Army, Navy and Aviation	25,478,288
Diplomatic affairs	97,943
Internal affairs	248,290
Administration	4,129,338
Education	1,395,505

(B.)—Special Expenditure For This Year.	
For the Kuomintang	30,000
Diplomatic affairs	490
Internal affairs	3,680
Administrative purposes	474,411
Redemption of Government bonds	7,680,000
Paying off various loans	1,351,749
	\$41,170,992

There is no statement as to how the nine million deficit will be raised. *Likin*, after salt gabelle and the opium monopoly, is to be the biggest source of revenue.

CASTLE PEAK ROAD.

STILL CLOSED AT 1½-MILE POINT.

Information from the Roads Office of the P.W.D. is to the effect that the Castle Peak Road at 1½-mile point is still closed to traffic. Work on repairing and clearing the damage of the landslide is not completed, and the road will remain closed until further notice.

THUNDER OVER QUEEN'S ROAD.

A LIFT FUSE BLOWN OUT.

At about 12.30 p.m. yesterday following a flash of lightning over Pedder Street, with a deafening clap of thunder a second or two later, the rumour spread that the A.P.C. building had been struck. The usual crowd collected but their anxious gaze revealed nothing wrong.

Our representative interviewed Mr. W. A. Butterfield of the Engineering Department of the A.P.C. who said that he went to the roof of the building but found no damage. However, a lift was put out of running order by a wire fusing probably owing to the proximity of the immense voltage of the lightning. This was soon remedied and the lift resumed service within a short space of time.

Sparks in Telephones. Referring to the rumour that sparks were seen to flash across the mouth pieces of several telephones in the upper floors of the building, Mr. Butterfield said that although he had not seen it himself this was not an uncommon thing during a thunderstorm.

Another report was that the pile driver at work on the site of the new branch of the National City Bank of New York had been damaged. The news, received with a certain equanimity in the district, was quite unfounded.

CHINESE CHAMBER MEETING.

FUNDS FOR FAMINE VICTIMS.

There was a very representative gathering of Chinese merchants and bankers at yesterday's meeting of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce, when a number of interesting questions were discussed.

Mr. Li Yick Mui presided. An interesting letter from the Central Executive Committee of the Nanking Government to the Chamber was read to the meeting. The document drew attention to a report by the Anti-Opium Committee in Nanking which suggested that the penalty on smuggling should be made much heavier and that any person found smuggling opium or, was in any way connected with smuggling should be severely punished.

The smuggling of opium was one of the evils which could be remedied and the letter was a warning to Chinese living overseas of the serious nature of the offence of smuggling opium into China.

It was pointed out that even if a person had been punished for smuggling opium by foreign authorities, they were liable to further punishment on arriving in China as the Government was determined to put a stop to this evil.

Famine Relief.

There was also an interesting discussion on the question of raising money for the famine stricken population of Shensi and North West China. The Chairman mentioned that all letters on this matter addressed to the Chamber had been forwarded to the Tung Wah Hospital but shop-to-shop collection had not been arranged. He hoped that subscribers would be generous in their contributions which should be sent to the Tung Wah Hospital.

Mr. M. K. Lo, Chairman of the Tung Wah Hospital, stated that famine relief was the foremost matter in his mind and in the minds of the Directors of the Hospital. It was unfortunate that the appeal for famine relief came up at the same time as the appeal for funds for the Tung Wah Eastern Hospital and as a result those who were connected with the hospital were fully engaged and could not get up a house-to-house collection. He suggested that the Chamber of Commerce appoint a group of members to assist them in their work for that noble cause. The Directors had, however, done everything possible to swell the funds for the Shensi famine relief.

Mr. Chau Yeu Teng said that he was sure the Tung Wah Hospital would look after the collection of this fund in the able manner in which they had looked after other charitable collections in the past.

Mr. Lo stated that he had given as much publicity to the fund as was possible. He had interviewed Pressmen and enlisted their assistance on many occasions. He had also seen the Secretary for Chinese Affairs and could not be accused of having left any stone unturned. He reminded the house that in addition to the appeal for Shensi relief and the Tung Wah Eastern Hospital, they were also looking after a collection for the relief of victims of the explosion at Yunnanfu recently. One speaker expressed his opinion that the two largest and certainly the most influential Chinese institutions in Hong Kong were the Tung Wah Hospital and the Chinese Chamber. He thought they should work together.

Yunnanfu Explosion.

In regard to the Yunnanfu explosion the Chairman announced that an official letter had been received by the Chamber stating that about 1,000 were killed and about 10,000 wounded in the explosion. The Chamber of Commerce at Yunnanfu had appealed for funds and members were asked to contribute generously and to rope in as much money as possible.

Harbour Board.

It was announced yesterday that Mr. M. K. Lo, one of the two Chinese representatives of the Chinese Chamber of Commerce on the Harbour Board, has indicated that he would not be able to continue to serve owing to pressure of work. Mr. Chau Yeu Teng was elected to the vacancy. Mr. T. N. Chau is the other member.

ALLEGED "BUCKET SHOP" FRAUDS.

ADAPTATION OF OLD FIRM NAME.

SEVEN MEN IN COURT.

Alleged to be concerned in a series of "bucket shop" frauds, seven Chinese appeared in the dock before Mr. E. W. Hamilton at Central Magistracy yesterday. Mr. A. E. Hall defended the first man, and Mr. F. X. d'Almada, jun., appeared for three others, while the remaining defendants were not legally represented.

Mr. E. S. C. Brooks, who prosecuted on behalf of the complainants, drew His Worship's attention to the possibility of the second defendant turning King's evidence on promise of a pardon.

Mr. Hall said that although he did not appear for the second defendant, he must object to the procedure as the man had pleaded not guilty. The point was settled by the defendant evincing no desire to give evidence from the witness-box.

Alleged Method of Working.

Outlining his case, Mr. Brooks said that the Kwong Fat Wing firm formerly carried on business at 11, Connaught Road Central, second floor, for some 14 years. On April 28 last, having got into financial difficulties, they closed their premises and the partners left the Colony.

Three weeks later the first defendant approached the principal tenant of the premises, who had at one time been the owner, to rent the second floor. Defendant entered into possession and put up a red paper notice outside the premises to the effect that it was the Kwong Fook Wing firm. After that business commenced.

One of the defendants, Mr. Brooks alleged, then went round purchasing goods in the name of the Kwong Fat Wing (the original firm). In other cases the goods were obtained by one of them going to the shops and saying that payment would be guaranteed by the Kwong Fat Wing firm. Evidence would be brought to show that goods were received by the defendants and that they chopped the sellers' books with the name of the original firm.

Mr. Brooks added that he had 23 witnesses and there were about twelve different shops as complainants. Some of the shop people would say that attempts were made to obtain goods from them.

Principal Tenant's Evidence.

The first witness called was the principal tenant of the premises who said that he knew the Kwong Fat Wing firm and its partners. They occupied the second floor of the premises and closed down last April. Three months' rent was due to witness, and as a set-off he was given the furniture of the firm. When the members of the firm left, they took a new signboard away, leaving three old ones behind.

Witness then spoke of the renting of the premises by the first defendant. Subsequently witness saw outside the door of the second floor a poster (produced in Court) announcing it was the Kwong Fook Wing, a branch of the Canton firm of that name.

The case was adjourned.

NIGHT FETE POSTPONED.

The night fete at the Victoria Recreation Club, which was to have been held last night according to earlier arrangements, was postponed, causing no little disappointment. The heavy rains during the day, coupled with the uncertainty of weather conditions for the night rendered the postponement necessary. It is intended to hold the fete next Friday night but this has not been definitely decided upon.

WATER STORAGE.

1,100 MILLION GALLONS.

BIG RAINFALL IN JULY.

By 7 a.m. yesterday morning the Island's reservoirs showed a storage of 1,100 million gallons, the increase for the previous 24 hours, when an inch of rain fell in the reservoir district, being 50 million. Heavy rain fell during the whole morning, the Royal Observatory report showing that 2.37 inches fell between 4 p.m. on Thursday and the same time yesterday.

The Observatory forecast, issued at 6.05 p.m., stated:—

Pressure is highest over S. Japan, depressions are situated to the North-east of Japan over Tongking and between the Bonins and Guam.

Forecast:—S.W. winds, moderate, cloudy, occasional rain.

So a substantial increase may be expected during the next few days.

A Wet July.

A total of 23.23 inches was recorded during July at the Botanic Gardens, the heaviest fall being 3.05 on the 22nd. It was on the 10th that the weather broke and then rain fell every day except for a brief spell from the 18th to the 19th inclusive.

Rain fell on the following days:—

Date.	Inch.
1st	.21
2nd	.05
3rd	.08
4th	.24
5th	.02
6th	.05
7th	.05
8th	.32
9th	2.50
10th	1.17
11th	1.23
12th	1.14
13th	.75
14th	.96
15th	2.81
16th	2.05
17th	.73
18th	.14
19th	.12
20th	1.33
21st	2.02
22nd	2.55
23rd	.39
24th	.04
25th	.59
26th	.59
27th	.59
28th	.59
29th	.59
30th	.59
31st	.59
Total	23.23

The Rider Main Supply Problem.

An official statement by the P.W.D. is as follows:—

With reference to the representations which have been made to Government with regard to the introduction of a rider main supply it may be pointed out that the present storage is only 1,050 million gallons as against a storage of 1,800 million at the beginning of August last year. When the rider main supply was discontinued in October, 1928, the storage was 1,400 million gallons. This had decreased to 141 million gallons on July 11, 1929.

Should the rainfall, however, continue it may be possible to remove the present restrictions at an early date and introduce a rider main supply.

After inspection, it has been found that in many of the houses in the rider main districts taps have been removed and that in other instances fittings are defective. It is essential that house owners should give attention in order to avoid waste when the rider main supply is introduced and to prevent the necessity of cutting off supplies from these houses.

HEALTH BULLETIN OF EASTERN PORTS.

The Health Bulletin of Eastern Ports for the week ending July 27 states:—

Plague.

Tamatsaye: 1 case.
Alexandria: 2 cases, 1 death.
Port Said: 1 case.
Bassora: 6 cases.
Rangoon: 4 deaths.
Phnom Penh: 3 deaths.
Saigon: 1 case, 1 death.
Philippine: 3 cases.
Tungliao (Morogoto): 13 cases.

Cholera.

Calcutta: 29 deaths.
Bangkok: 3 cases.
Phnom Penh: 1 death.
Saigon: 2 cases, 1 death.
Shanghai: 2 deaths.

Small-pox.

Aden: 29 cases, 17 deaths.
Bombay: 21 cases, 15 deaths.
Calcutta: 5 cases, 3 deaths.
Karachi: 34 cases.
Madras: 34 cases.
Moulmein: 5 cases, 1 death.
Pondicherry: 9 cases, 1 death.
Macassar: 6 cases, 2 deaths.
Belawan Deli: 1 case, 1 death.
Saigon: 1 case.
Canton: 1 case.

Cerebro-spinal Meningitis.

Batikan: 1 death.
Shanghai: 4 deaths.

POWELLS

10, Ice House Street.

August

Bank Holiday

is another Bathing Festival and you will require a New Bathing Costume.

RETAIN YOUR INDIVIDUALITY!

Give as much thought to your style when you're swim-bound as you do when you're dance-bound. Do not just put on anything and dive in—select the style that becomes you.



Price: from \$8.50

Call to-day and choose one for yourself, or we will willingly send some on approval.

BATH GOWNS. BATHING SHOES. SLIPPERS.

SALE OF

COLUMBIA DANCE RECORDS

DURING AUGUST

\$1.00 EACH



\$1.00 EACH

CASH.

SEND FOR LIST.

The ANDERSON MUSIC Co., Ltd.

LANE, CRAWFORD'S

SUMMER SALE

LAST DAY

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.
NOTICE.

ON MONDAY, THE 5TH AUGUST, 1929, All Departments will be CLOSED.
The Hong Kong Dispensary, Dispensing Department, will be OPEN for Dispensing Prescriptions from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M. and from 6 P.M. to 7.30 P.M.
A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.
Hong Kong, 1st Aug., 1929. [8197]

BANK HOLIDAY.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 5 of 1912, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the TRANSACTION of PUBLIC BUSINESS on MONDAY, 5th of AUGUST.
Hong Kong, 30th July, 1929. [8185]

HONG KONG AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION.

ON SUNDAY and MONDAY, AUGUST 4th and 5th, the ASSOCIATION'S PATROLS will Not be On Duty at the Kowloon Ferry. They will be On Duty at 15 1/2 Miles on the Castle Peak Road, so that Members who wish to go Beyond the Landside can leave their Cars at that Point and proceed to their Destination by Bus. [8189]

G. R.
NOTICE.

SANITARY DEPARTMENT.

OWING to the Suspected Presence of RABIES in that Part of the New Territory adjacent to CHUNZEE TERRITORY Members of the Public are Reminded that NO DOG may be Brought to Another Part of the Colony from the New Territory Except by the Written Permission of the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon.
This Regulation applies to Dogs taken into the New Territory on Batching Flumes by Launch or Motor Car.
WALTER J. E. MACKENZIE,
Colonial Veterinary Surgeon.
30th July, 1929. [8181]

NOTICE

AGENTS and OWNERS are Notified that SHIPPING SUPPLIES of WATER are Available through the WATER BOAT COMPANIES at the Usual Rates.
By Order,
H. S. ROUSE,
Secretary,
WATER EMERGENCY COMMITTEE. [8186]

HONG KONG REALTY & TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Thirty Cents Per Share, in respect of the Year 1929, will be Payable on MONDAY, the 12th AUGUST, 1929, on which date Dividend Warrants can be obtained on Application at the Company's Office, Exchange Building.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 6th AUGUST, 1929, to SATURDAY, the 10th AUGUST, 1929 (Both Days inclusive) during which Period No Transfer of Shares can be registered.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
C. F. V. REBEIRO,
Acting Secretary.
Hong Kong, 30th July, 1929. [8173]

RE L. M. WHYTE,
DECEASED.

ALL Persons having any Claims against the Estate of the above named deceased are requested to send the Particulars thereof as soon as possible to the Undersigned.
A. RITCHIE,
c/o LOWE, BINGHAM & MATTHEWS,
3, Queen's Road Central.
1st August, 1929. [8187]

"PEAK MANSIONS."

SITUATED within Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation.
Five-Bedroom and Six-Bedroom APARTMENTS
with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two Lifts.

PRIVATE GARAGES TO LET.

Situate at the Rear of PEAK MANSIONS.
Separate Compartments including Light and Water.
Apply to
CREDIT FONCIER D'EXTREMEO-ORIENT,
4th Floor, French Bank Building.

INTIMATIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF THE
VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

SITUATE AT
SHAMEEN, CANTON.
To be Sold
BY ORDER OF THE
MORTGAGEE
BY
PUBLIC AUCTION

ON
WEDNESDAY,
THE 7th AUGUST, 1929,
AT 3 O'CLOCK P.M.
BY
Messrs. LAMBERT BROTHERS,
Auctioneers,
At Their Auction Rooms,
11, DUNDAS STREET,
VICTORIA, HONG KONG.

The Property consists of—

The Piece or Pieces of Ground respectively situate on the SHAMZEE and FRENCH CONCESSIONS at SHAMEEN, CANTON, in the Republic of China, and respectively known and registered at His Britannic Majesty's Consulate General at CANTON as LOT No. 41 and at the FRENCH CONSULATE at CANTON as LOT No. 22 with the Buildings respectively erected thereon and known as ROMAN BUILDING and THE CLUB HOUSE and for the Residue of Terms of 99 Years Each.

For Particulars and Conditions of Sale, Apply to—

MESSRS. DEACONS,
Vendor's Solicitors,
1, Des Vaux Road Central,
Hong Kong,
OR TO
Messrs. LAMBERT BROTHERS,
The Auctioneers. [8186]

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on TUESDAY, the 6th DAY of AUGUST, 1929, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Prince Edward Road, Kowloon, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
1	No. 2204	Prince Edward Road, Kowloon.	N. S. E. W. 15,000	15,000	104	7,500
			As per sale plan.			

G. R.
PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on TUESDAY, the 6th DAY of AUGUST, 1929, at 3 P.M., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Yau-mat, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

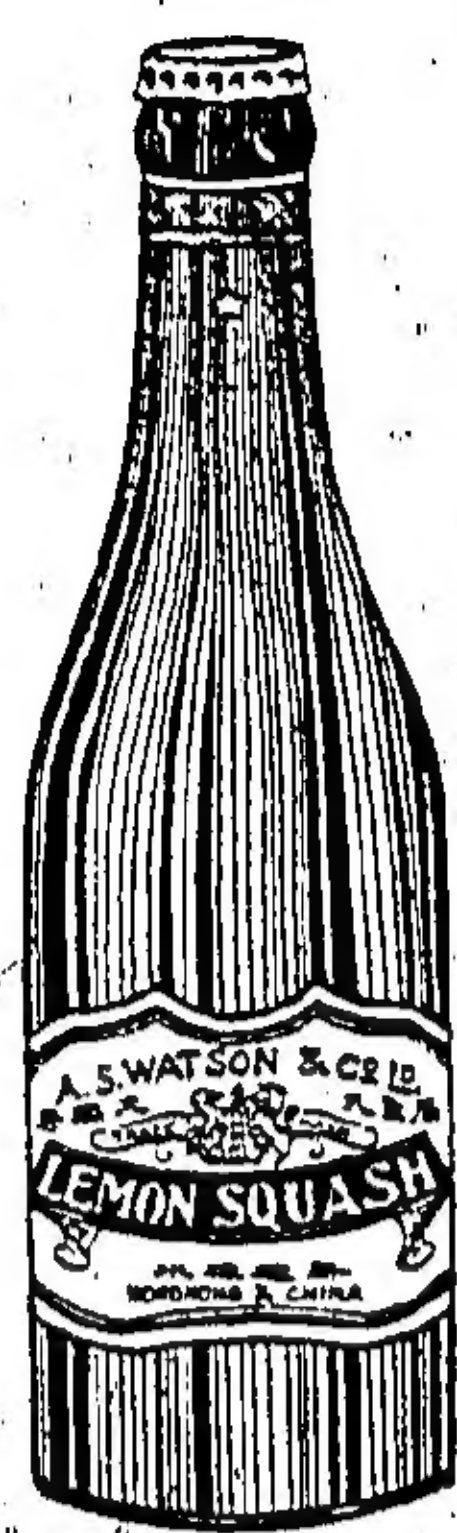
No. of Sale.	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.	Contents in Square feet.	Annual Rental.	Upset Price.
1	No. 2205	Junction of Nathan Road and Kowloon Road.	N. S. E. W. 19,110	19,110	250	90,000
			As per sale plan.			

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WEATHER REPORT.

The Observatory forecast, issued at 6.03 p.m., stated—
Pressure is highest over S. Japan. Depressions are situated to the north-east of Japan over Tongking and between the Bonins and Guam.
Local Forecast:—S.W. winds, moderate, cloudy, occasional rain.

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The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, AUGUST 3, 1929.

ANXIOUS DAYS FOR JAPAN.

CHANGES of Governments usually lead to a slight disturbance of business, especially that of a speculative character. There was a sharp slump on the Tokyo and Osaka Stock Exchanges when the TANAKA Ministry resigned, and the HAMAGUCHI Cabinet went into office. This was more than a month ago, and there has been ample time for the market to steady itself again, but latest reports from Japan indicate that business generally is still very unsettled. One reason for this is that the new Government has announced its intention of suspending all public works other than those of urgent importance. This retrenchment, it is feared, will cause considerable displacement of labour, with a corresponding reduction of purchasing power. Men who are thrown out of work will have no money to spend. Rumours that Naval and Military Estimates are to be cut also lead to the belief that industry will be adversely affected.

The new Government's alleged intention to lift the embargo on gold exports at an early date has also aroused considerable anxiety in Japanese business circles. While it is agreed that in the end the effect will be good, yet it is feared that the immediate result will be seriously to dislocate business. Finally, the situation in Manchuria, arising out of Russo-Chinese differences, has aroused many misgivings. The idea of an international commission to go into the middle of Manchurian affairs has caused grave apprehension in Tokyo. Japan does not regard with approval the participation of other Powers in a discussion of the Russo-Chinese deadlock, and considers her own interests there to be much more important than co-operate efforts to make peace between the disputants. Japan is extremely anxious that negotiations between Russia and China should proceed smoothly, and thus make it unnecessary to talk further about mediation, or international action. It is perhaps realised in Tokyo that if the whole question of foreign interests in Manchuria were opened up for independent inquiry, the result might be disconcerting for some of those who claim to have fully and lawfully established rights in those provinces. Altogether, Japanese business-men see nothing but trouble awaiting them.

The situation in Manchuria—where many Japanese see the great Japanese-owned South Manchuria Railway, and its affiliated interests, as menaced by the trend of policy indicated in China's seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway from Russia—has proved disquieting to Japanese business in general. With many Japanese feeling that once Russia has been disposed of in North Manchuria, the Chinese may turn their attention to Japanese investments in South Manchuria, valued at billions of yen, the outlook for prosperity is not too promising. Japan long has desired to obtain an American loan for the South Manchuria Railway Company, apparently believing that with American capital invested in Japanese enterprises in South Manchuria the United States would be inclined to take a more lenient attitude toward Japan's "vested rights" in this section of the world. Preliminary negotiations toward such a loan were started when Mr. LAMONT, a partner in the house of MORGAN, visited Japan two years ago. The negotiations were dropped, however, when the State Department, following a tremendous outcry from the Chinese, advised against the loan.

Japan bided her time and was preparing to start new loan negotiations in America when another crisis was precipitated by China's seizure of the Chinese Eastern Railway. Last week the Japanese Ambassador at Washington discussed with the State Department the possibility of floating a loan on Wall Street for the South Manchuria Railway. Although no official announcement was made, it is understood that the present Administration regards the proposal with no more favour than its predecessor. Large-scale American investments in Manchuria would make it impossible for the United States Government to maintain its present independent attitude regarding Far Eastern affairs. China would certainly make another protest if American money were advanced to Japan for her undertakings in Manchuria. Indeed, so clever has been China's campaign to regain what the Chinese consider their right to economic as well as political control of Manchuria, that a section of opinion in Tokyo feels that Japan has passed the zenith of her power in that part of the world, and will be forced gradually to relinquish the direct ownership of many of the industrial enterprises she now controls. This may be affected, however, by increased co-operation between Chinese and Japanese industrial organisations.

It would seem that direct Chinese control of the Manchurian economic machine might not be entirely objectionable to the Japanese if production continued to expand. Japanese shipping lines, of course, would carry the bulk of Manchuria's commerce, while Japanese banks would be in a position to handle the financing and development of industrial enterprise. In addition, there might be an increase in the flow of new materials from Manchuria into Japan proper; while a prosperous Manchuria would, of course, mean a great market for Japanese manufactured goods. Viewed in its large aspects, the Manchurian question is by no means hopeless for Japan, even if she should, in the next quarter of a century, lose direct control of her railway, mining, agricultural and other industrial enterprises there. Manchuria is so vast and so rich that it is certain to pour huge quantities of money into Japan for a long time to come, and the Empire is fortunate to have this great and expanding market at its doorstep.

News and Views.

Colonel and Mrs. Skinner were among the passengers arriving here yesterday from Shanghai by the S.S. Khyber.

The Colony had a clean bill of health on Thursday according to the report of the Medical Officer of Health.

The Catholic Cathedral troop of Boy Scouts (18th H.K. Group) are arranging a concert in aid of troops which will take place at St. Patrick's Hall, Garden Road, next Wednesday at 8 p.m.

According to a report made to the Police by Mr. Thomson of Messrs. Thomson & Co., an office boy employed at Messrs. Thomson & Company absconded with a \$100 banknote entrusted to him to convey to Messrs. Gilman & Co., to meet a bill.

At Central Magistracy yesterday, Mr. George Lai, who said he had just returned from the United States and was ignorant of the local traffic regulations, was fined \$5 for failing to produce his licence to drive a motor-car. A further charge of not having full control of his car was dropped. In another case a Chinese learner was fined \$15 for going "out of bounds." During his adventure a Chinese woman was knocked down and slightly injured.

Before Mr. Whyte Smith yesterday a Chinese was charged with stealing 28 pounds of braising solder from Kowloon Docks, and after escaping from legal custody after being arrested by a watchman at the docks. His Worship pointed out that the section under which the defendant was charged mentioned police officers and warders. He held that the defendant was not in legal custody when he escaped. Defendant was sentenced to six months' hard labour for larceny, the other charge being dismissed.

When a little girl was charged before Mr. Whyte Smith with selling vegetables without a licence, His Worship remarked that evidently the hawkers were well organised. When he was approaching Yau-mat market on his way to Court a signal was given and all the unlicensed hawkers hid themselves. Sergeant Barnicle mentioned that hawkers acted as spies for each other and passed the word immediately a detective left the Station. The little girl was fined \$4.

The King Edward Hotel.

The statement appearing in yesterday's issue regarding the King Edward Hotel is fully confirmed by one of the directors of the company owning the premises. It is intended to pull down what remains of the present building, and put up an entirely new structure. Our informant is in a much better position to know what is proposed than other parties who have been quoted as giving "official information" to the effect that our report "is all wrong." News of this nature is not published in the Daily Press without efforts being first made to ensure its accuracy. The present intention of the parties directly interested is as was stated yesterday—to erect a new building on the hotel site. We have further details of the plans, but the time has not yet arrived to disclose them.

ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered on page 9 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor.

The Boys' Baron.

Boy Scouts throughout the world will thrill with pride and pleasure to learn that their chief has been promoted to the peerage. It is safe to say, however, that the new Baron will be better known as "B.P." than whatever title he chooses to be formally known by as a peer. The honour conferred upon the Chief Scout by the King is well deserved; he has given the better part of his life to a great work—that of teaching boys to become manly men. An account recently appeared in our columns of Baden-Powell's ideals as expressed in and through the Boy Scout movement. We referred incidentally to the great value of the scheme as a pacific influence by bringing boys of all nationalities into friendly association and rivalry. Now comes news that an American millionaire has given the Chief Scout a cheque for \$10,000 to establish a fund to promote international friendship among boys. No more effective method could have been chosen. "B.P." has been a soldier, but is far from being a militarist; his whole work with the Scout movement has been opposed to militarism; his one aim has been to make boys friendly and helpful to one another. In the great Jambores such as that now being held in England "B.P." sees the fruits of his labours—boys of all nations camping happily together and setting a good example to the vast majority of their elders in sinking race prejudices. Mr. Schiff's generous gift to the Chief Scout will make it possible to achieve much more good work in this direction, and than "B.P." there is no man better qualified to undertake the task.

Snobbery and Success.

Professor Robert E. Rogers, of the English Department of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has stirred up a lively controversy by an address delivered in Boston to the graduating class of the institute, in which he advocated "snobbery" among university men in the United States in order that there should be created a ruling aristocracy of educated men who would wrest control of the nation from the politician, the bootlegger, and "the man who came up from one suspender button." He said:—"Be a snob. You have got to make up your minds that you are superior people. Get the better jobs and money to finance things that are worth while. Belong with the people who belong instead of with the people who do not belong. You cannot go on the assumption that you are as good as the rest of folks; you should take the attitude that you are a snob better. Found a family that will be successful. It is just as easy to marry the boss's daughter as his typist." Professor Rogers also declared that Americans are the worst-served people in the world. Their servants, both public and private, are incompetent, badly-mannered, and "grouchy." His remarks have been followed by a flood of protests and criticisms. Mr. Curley, a former Mayor of Boston, for instance, attacks him for advocating a doctrine against which Americans fought a revolutionary war—the divine right of individuals to constitute themselves a ruling class.

Languages of the Navy.

A remarkable illustration of the linguistic ability of the Royal Navy was afforded when the delegates of the International Postal Congress visited Portsmouth dockyard recently. The delegates represented many countries, and for the success of the sightseeing tour it was necessary that a corps of interpreters should be provided for the party. The Navy took this matter in hand and found sixteen interpreters—half the number being officers and half the number men—who piloted the delegates through the yard, and gave in fluent Swedish, Italian, French, German, and Hindustani explanations of the various things shown to the visitors.

Paying the Doctor.

The Medical Society of Chicago has decided to introduce the instalment payment plan for the benefit of its poorer patients and, following the example of other industries, will enlist the aid of a discounting corporation. After a doctor has been summoned and has completed his diagnosis of the case he will make an estimate of the probable cost of treatment and fill out a card which will serve as authorisation to finance a loan at 6 per cent. for the physician's individual services. The doctor will immediately receive a cheque for 35 per cent. of his bill, and the balance will be paid in instalments as collected from the patient. The corporation will retain 13.3 per cent. of the total fee as the doctor's contribution to the plan and for the creation of a fund against which all bad debts will be charged. If the patient vanishes without paying, the doctor will only get his original 35 per cent.

Labour Troubles in Australia.

Mr. Bruce, the Australian Prime Minister, speaking at a public meeting in Adelaide, said that the trade unions with their present leaders would not accept the Arbitration Court awards. An interrupter shouted out that the basis of the awards was absolutely rotten. In reply, Mr. Bruce said that when the parties disagreed with the decisions of the umpire it was time everything was scrapped and another start made. The question was whether decent trade unionists were going to get into the ring and stun those who were out for direct action. There were a few extremists on the employers' side also, and if the employers would give it out that the employees would have safeguards under piece-work, it would go a long way to solve the industrial problem. The employers must be prepared fully to disclose their profits in order to allay the suspicion that capital was getting an undue proportion.

Looking Back 25 Years.

At this time of the year one sees the New Territory at its best. The mountains are green to their crests and the valleys are smiling with crops, ranging in colour from green to yellow. A curious thing to observe is the way in which the work of husbandry goes on; within the same acre of land one can see ploughing, reaping, and threshing proceeding simultaneously, while in contiguous plots the delicate young paddy is just showing above ground, the half-grown crop is waving lustily, and the fully ripened grain hangs heavily waiting for the sickle. Everybody is just planting or garnering, and the yoked oxen have to work from dawn till sunset. The Chinese, by the way, apparently do not agree with the injunction against muzzling the ox that treadeth out the corn, for every draught animal to be seen is furnished with a muzzle that effectually prevents it from snatching a chance mouthful of the luscious young growth. *Hong Kong Daily Press*, Aug. 3, 1904.

Looking Back 50 Years.

"Permit me to impress on the minds of all business-men and shareholders in general, that if qualified auditors are required to examine accounts, you cannot find men better suited to the work than the Portuguese; they are hard-working, why then not employ them? There are many Portuguese book-keepers here who, if entrusted with the work, full reliance may be placed on them, as they would fully go into the matter, and the task given them would be performed to the satisfaction of all those concerned. They are unfortunately as a class of men badly paid, and these extras would in a great way benefit them. This much I can say also, and to which I have been a witness, that some auditors do not even ask for the cash and other vouchers to compare with the entries! Others do not even see the books! They take everything for granted. They affix their signatures to the balance-sheets, etc., as tendered them by the managers, which they take as correct. They will not take the trouble to scrutinise each and every voucher, and devote their time to calling for all necessary documents in support of the entries made, checking the accounts thoroughly, so that any discrepancy, however innocently made, may be adjusted or corrected."—A Portuguese Book-keeper. *Hong Kong Daily Press*, Aug. 4, 1879.

INTERVENTION IN MANCHURIA.

JAPAN UNWILLING TO CO-OPERATE.

"OWN INTERESTS FIRST."

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

Tokyo, Aug. 2. There seems to be little doubt that Japan will be most unwilling to participate in an international commission dealing with Manchuria, unless possibly in the event of an unforeseen emergency.

Even so, she will not welcome the participation of other Powers in settlement of questions affecting Manchuria, where she considers her own interests paramount, and more vital than any considerations of international co-operation. Consequently, the Government is extremely anxious to see the Sino-Russian negotiations proceed smoothly.

MANCHULI PARLEY ABORTIVE?

HIGH WORDS AT THE CONFERENCE.

(Fah Tsai Pao.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 2. It is unofficially stated that the preliminary Sino-Soviet Conference at Manchuli lasted eleven hours, but was not successful. The situation has become less reassuring. After the conference, over twenty Soviet aeroplanes staged an aerial demonstration.

It is rumoured in Peking that the Central Government will change its policy towards Russia, adopting a more arbitrary attitude. America will act as a mediator should the Manchuli negotiations break off, it is added.

A Spirited Debate.

Further details of the conference state that the representative of China, Mr. Tsai Yu Sheng, insisted upon the resumption of the international railway service, so as to prevent intervention by the Powers. He said that China has not the least intention to seize control of the Chinese Eastern Railway, but she must take action to stop the spreading of Communism by the Soviet.

In reply, the Russian delegate said that China has violated the Sino-Soviet Agreement, under the pretext of preventing the propaganda of Communism. A hot debate followed.

TROOP MOVEMENTS.

(Nam Chung Pao.)

The Heilungkiang authorities have dispatched the 17th Cavalry Brigade to Hailar. Two regiments of Kirin troops have arrived at Changchun, and are waiting to entrain to Hailar.

Six Russian military spies were arrested by Chinese troops at Suifenho on the 30th ult.

LI TSAI HSIN'S RELEASE.

[NAN CHUNG KUG NEWS SERVICE.]

SHANGHAI, Aug. 2. Despite the decision of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang in Nanking to release Li Tsai Hsin, it is said that Chiang Kai Shek is still holding his one-time opponent in custody at Tongshan. It is thought that Chiang will not free his political enemy until the troop disarmament programme has been carried out, which may not actually take place for several months to come.

TO INDIA AND BACK.

AND ALL WITHIN A WEEK!

NEW BRITISH FLIGHT.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 2. A huge blue monoplane named "The Spider" ascended at Lympne before dawn to-day. The pilot is Captain Barnard and the mechanic Mr. Little.

They are aiming at a return flight to and from India within a week. The enterprise is sponsored by the Duchess of Bedford, who is aboard.

BY-ELECTION IN S.E. LEEDS.

"RED" CANDIDATE OVERWHELMED.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 2. The by-election in South-east Leeds, due to Sir Henry Slesser's appointment as a Lord Justice of Appeal, resulted as follows:—

Mr. Milner (Labour) 11,804.

Mr. Brain (Communist) 512.

Labour majority 11,292.

There is no change.

Figures at the last election were: Sir H. Slesser, K.C. 22,403.

Mr. J. C. Spurr (Cons.) 7,385.

Labour majority 15,019.

JAPANESE MILITARY CHANGES.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

IMPORTANT PROMOTIONS.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

Tokyo, Aug. 1. The War Office announces a number of important military appointments and promotions.

Lieutenant-General Jiro Minami, the Vice-Chief of the General Staff, has been appointed to succeed General Hanzo Kanaya, the Commander-in-Chief in Korea, who has been appointed to the Supreme Military Council.

Lieut. Gen. Rentaro Okamoto succeeded Lt. Gen. Minami as Vice-Chief of the General Staff. Major-General Saburo Sato has been appointed Military Attache to the Japanese Legation in Peking, succeeding Lt. Gen. Tatekawa.

NEGRO CONFERENCE.

DEMONSTRATION IN JAMAICA.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 1. A message from Kingston, Jamaica, states that the sixth annual International Convention of Negro Peoples of the World, organised by Mr. Marcus Garvey, opened with divine service.

Later, a long procession of delegates paraded the main streets.

FRENCH DELEGATES TO THE HAGUE.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

PARIS, Aug. 1. M. Briand, M. Cheron, and M. Loucheur, members of the Cabinet, and the Governor of the Bank of France, M. Moreau, are to be the principal French delegates at the Hague conference.

As the evacuation of the Rhine will be the piece de resistance, General Guillaumat, commander-in-chief of the French Army on the Rhine, and M. Tirard, High Commissioner in the Rhineland, are also going.

BRUTAL POLICE IN HARBIN.

GRAVE ALLEGATIONS.

AMERICAN CONSUL'S PROTEST.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

Tokyo, Aug. 2. Reports from Harbin are that outrageous conduct by the local Chinese police and soldiers has become a daily happening in Harbin, foreigners not infrequently being the victims.

The latest case where a foreigner was subjected to physical violence at the hands of the Chinese police occurred on Tuesday afternoon in broad daylight, in the streets. The victim was the American vice-consul, who was violently treated when he tried to remonstrate against the brutal handling of an American girl who had roused the ire of the police.

The American Consul has lodged a protest with the Chinese authorities, while it is reported that the Consular Body is seriously concerned over the increasing violence of the police.

LATER. The victim of the police roughness reported previously was not the vice-consul, but an American employee of the National City Bank of New York.

The American Consul visited the Chief of Police and demanded an explanation, reserving the right of protest if the investigation justified such a course.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN TREATY.

DRAFT APPROVED.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 1. The draft of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty, which is reported to have been initiated by Mr. Arthur Henderson, the Foreign Secretary, and Mahmoud Pasha, the Egyptian Prime minister, has been approved by the Cabinet Committee.

It will be submitted to the full Cabinet during the week-end.

AMERICAN GAOL RIOTS.

[REUTERS' AMERICAN SERVICE.]

LEAVENWORTH (Kansas), Aug. 1. Seven prisoners are reported to have been killed in a riot in the Federal Penitentiary. This is the fourth prison outbreak within a week.

MCINTYRE GOLD MINE.

RECORD YEAR.

[D.P. Special Service.]

Toronto, Ont.—One reserves at the McIntyre mine at the close of the fiscal year ended March 31, 1929, totalled 2,026,279 tons, having an average assay value of \$8 a ton a total of \$16,178,205, according to the annual report which has just been issued, by the McIntyre Porcupine Mines, Ltd., one of the largest of the operating companies in the Porcupine gold camp of northern Ontario.

It is pointed out that results obtained by this big Ontario producer constitute a record in the history of the company's operations. Bullion recovery the report states, was \$4,212,624 and total operating costs, before providing for taxes and depreciation were \$2,324,912 giving an operating profit of \$1,887,712.

Non-operating revenues totalled \$130,755. Provision for municipal, provincial and Dominion taxes was \$116,154 leaving net before depreciation of \$1,909,313. The company disbursed dividends during the year amounting to \$798,000.

"While production and tonnage treated were slightly in excess of anything previously recorded, and underground work was concentrated upon the opening up of new territory rather than the development of ore occurrences, you will note with some satisfaction that, after having produced to a gross value of \$4,433,278, the estimated ore reserves were larger at the end of the year than they were at the beginning," says J. P. Bickell, president, in his report to shareholders.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN IMPASSE.

NEGOTIATIONS FALL THROUGH.

SOVIET IN A HURRY.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 2. M. Dovgalevsky left for Paris to-day, having completed his mission to London which, according to Moscow, has ended without any result.

The statement of the Tass agency declares that M. Dovgalevsky, on July 29, urged upon Mr. A. Henderson, (Secretary for Foreign Affairs) the immediate appointment of Ambassadors as necessary, after which the Soviet would be agreeable to discuss outstanding questions in London.

Must Go Slowly.

Mr. Henderson emphatically replied that immediate resumption of British-Russian diplomatic relations was impossible and that the British Government proposed, first, to open negotiations on all controversial questions not later than August 14 and had invited a Soviet delegation to London for that purpose.

M. Dovgalevsky, on July 31, handed to Mr. Henderson the Foreign Commissariat's reply, noting that the "British Government were unable or unwilling to restore normal relations, otherwise they would not have advanced as a preliminary condition thereto that complex controversial questions, like mutual claims and counter-claims must be settled."

The Note added:

"This new circumstance, which was not provided for in the British Note of July 17, necessitates new and special consideration of the question. Therefore the Foreign Commissariat is obliged to request further instructions from the Presidium and Central Executive Committee of the U.S.S.R., whose next regular plenary session will consider the new British proposals."

Foreign Office Statement.

The Foreign Office, in a statement, confirms the fact that the conversations between Mr. Henderson and M. Dovgalevsky will not be continued for the present, and says that Mr. Henderson, in his original invitation to the Soviet made it clear that a responsible representative would be welcomed with a view to discussing the most expeditious procedure for settling outstanding questions, including debts and propaganda. Though the Soviet reply was somewhat ambiguous it was presumed that M. Dovgalevsky was authorised to discuss procedure.

Mr. Henderson told M. Dovgalevsky that he was anxious, during the Parliamentary recess, to create machinery dealing with debts claims, etc., so as to seek authority, when Parliament reassembled in October for an exchange of Ambassadors, even if complete settlement of all outstanding questions were not reached.

The statement concludes that the Government has taken note that the Soviet will consider the new proposals at their next session.

The Original Invitation.

A British Wireless message states that it appears that the original invitation to the Soviet Government was to send a representative to London.

The invitation was in the following terms: "His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom have carefully considered the existing state of the relations between this country and the Union of the Soviet Socialist Republics and are prepared to re-establish the normal machinery of diplomatic relations between Great Britain and the U.S.S.R. on the understanding that reciprocal rights and duties, which international law recognises as incumbent on states in their relations with one another, subsist between this country and the U.S.S.R. To this effect His Majesty's Government invite the Government of the U.S.S.R. to send a responsible representative to London in order to discuss with the Foreign Secretary, the means for reaching, as rapidly as possible, a friendly and mutually satisfactory settlement of outstanding questions between the two countries including those relating to propaganda."

Moscow Annoyed.

LATER. Big demonstrations were held all over Russia and half a million paraded in Moscow, when protests were uttered against "the British Government's attitude in regard to the Russian-British Negotiations."

TOBACCO KING'S DEATH.

MR. BERNHARD BARON.

"A CIGARETTE-MAKER'S ROMANCE."

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 2. The millionaire tobacco magnate, Mr. Bernhard Baron, has died suddenly, aged 78. Mr. Baron, as a poor Russo-Jewish emigrant, went to America, and later settled in England.

His charitable benefactions are estimated at £2,000,000. He had frequently avowed his determination to die poor.

It is 63 years since 16-year-old Bernhard Baron walked up, penniless, to the proprietor of a station buffet in New York.

He had some American tobacco mixture and some cigarette papers, and he had rolled a few cigarettes, putting them into packets.

He sold them to the buffet proprietor—and began his career as a cigarette manufacturer.

From there he got work at 16s. a week, and later he invented a cigarette-making machine, whose possibilities he paraded on railway station platforms.

Thirty years afterwards he brought the machine to England, and bought a small business.

It is said that he never forgot poverty—and that poverty would never forget Bernhard Baron. Much of his success, and that of Carreras', Limited, the tobacco firm of which he was the active Chairman, was due to Mr. Baron's deep knowledge of effective publicity. He was the leader of the band of "Non-Combine" cigarette manufacturers in Britain who had in recent years, by their adoption of up-to-date advertising and sales methods, considerably encroached upon what was formerly almost a monopoly market. As a case in point, the advent of the post-war lady smoker gave him an opportunity literally to force a well-known cigarette into public favour, by means of skilful and tireless propaganda.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TO AID PROSPECTORS.

SYSTEMATIC EXAMINATION OF MINERAL WEALTH.

[D.P. Special Service.]

Victoria, B.C.—Opening up of new trails to mineral areas will be a feature of British Columbia's assistance to prospectors this year. The value of this work cannot be gauged in terms of the expenditure of money which is expected to be about \$100,000 but will nevertheless be sufficient to facilitate the entry of mining engineers and prospectors into a number of new areas, in which the mineral prospects are considered to be extremely attractive. The programme, the biggest ever undertaken in a single season to expose the mineral wealth of the province to systematic examination, is now being shaped up under the direction of Hon. W. H. MacKenzie, provincial Minister of Mines, after conferences with the district mining engineers from all parts of the province.

One of the districts of chief interest is that east and north of the producing territory around Stewart at the head of the Portland Canal. At present there is a trail from Stewart up the Bear river to Meziadin lake. It is planned to project it into the region directly north of the Portland Canal, and to connect it with the old Telegraph Trail to the Yukon at a point known as Mile 23. Lateral trails east and west will give access to a mineral belt, the possibilities of which have been insistently emphasized by Dr. Kerr, of the Geological Survey, George Clocheir and Dr. E. T. James, former provincial government engineers in the district. When completed this programme will open up the entire territory from Portland Canal to the northern boundary of the province.

Another important trail, further south, is that planned to run from the coast at Kimsquit on the head of Dean channel, northeasterly by way of Eutuk lake and eventually to the main line of the Canadian National Railways. This route, it is stated, will also cut through a highly mineralized zone.

AN AERIAL "GATE-CRASHER."

SECOND "GRAF ZEPPELIN" STOWAWAY.

CAPTAIN ANNOYED.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 2. Another intending stowaway apparently jumped on to the "Graf Zeppelin" as she was leaving her shed in the early hours of yesterday morning at Friedrichshafen.

News regarding the second man is contained in a message received in New York from the Associated Press correspondent aboard the airship.

The correspondent states that the second man who leapt on board is still on the airship, and that Captain Eckener told him that this stowaway will be sent back by the first steamer from America, and will be severely punished.

OTTAWA RIVER POWER PROJECT.

\$2,500,000 INVOLVED.

PROPOSED HYDRO-ELECTRIC DEVELOPMENT.

[D.P. Special Service.]

Ottawa, Ont.—An Order-in-Council has been tabled in the House of Commons approving plans of the Chats Falls Power Company for a hydro-electric power development on the Ottawa river. The proposers of the scheme place the estimated cost at \$2,500,000. The proposal, it is pointed out, involves utilization of the head of water available between the water level immediately above Chats Falls and the water level of Lake Deschenes by works entirely within the province of Quebec.

The Power house, to be located between Egan's Island and the Quebec shore, will be designed for two 15,000 horse power units operating on a 37-foot head. The station will be capable of extension to use the total flow at this point and a maximum head of 55 feet.

Chats Falls is approximately 25 miles west of Ottawa. The head office of the company is in Montreal.

WITCH KILLING NO MURDER.

COURT SYMPATHY WITH ASSAILANTS.

Faith in witchcraft still survives in the heart of Europe. This is manifest from an astonishing episode—with a judicial sequel—which has just occurred in Hungary, and which shows what power superstition can still exercise over the Magyar mind.

An old woman has been beaten to death by members of a family who believed that one of their number was held in the thrall of a spell.

Farmer Pittlik fell ill of a mysterious malady, the nature of which baffled the village doctor. The patient began by losing his strength, then his speech, and finally his wits. The family were non-plussed until, in a lucid moment, the inspiration came to Pittlik that he must be bewitched.

"Stand Back!"

He prophesied in a frenzy that at a given hour the witch who had cast a spell over him would appear in his sickroom and, strangely enough, at the exact moment an old hag knocked at the door and hobbled into the room.

"Stand back, stand back," shouted the family, but the stranger hobbled on. Then Michael Gal, Pittlik's brother-in-law, sprang upon the old woman and threw her to the ground. The whole family threw themselves on the unfortunate creature and beat her to death with sticks. The old woman made no sound, for she was deaf and dumb. When she was dead Pittlik sprang out of bed completely cured, finding his speech to rejoice over the dead body of the sorceress.

Her assailants were arrested and sentenced to long terms of imprisonment, but the Supreme Court ordered a new trial, in consequence of which the sentences were reduced in each case to three months' hard labour. The Supreme Court found that the farmer and his family were justified in their assumption that the old woman was a witch, and that the only mistake they made was in killing her.

"CHIEF SCOUT" NOW A BARON.

HONOUR FOR SIR R. S. BADEN-POWELL.

A NOTABLE CAREER.

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 1. Lt.-General Sir Robert Baden-Powell has been created a Baron.

Lt.-General Lord Baden-Powell was born in 1857, was educated at Charterhouse and joined the 13th Hussars in 1878.

The Chief Scout is the sixth son of Rev. Professor Baden-Powell, and Henrietta Grace, daughter of Admiral W. H. Smyth, K.S.F. As Adjutant, he served with the 13th Hussars in India, Afghanistan, and South Africa; served on the Staff as Assistant Mil. Secy., South Africa, 1887-89; operations in Zululand, 1888 (despatches); Assis. Mil. Secy., Malta, 1890-93; special service, Ashanti, in command of native levies 1895 (despatches); operations in Matabeleland, 1895-97 (despatches, brevet Col.); Colonel of Irregular Horse, South Africa; promoted from 13th Hussars to command of 8th Dragoon Guards, 1897; Lieut.-Col. commanding 5th Dragoon Guards 1897-98; defence of Mafeking, 1899-1900 (promoted Maj.-Gen. (despatches); operations Transvaal 1900-1901 (despatches, C.B.); organised S. African Constabulary; Inspector-General of S. African Constabulary, 1900-1903; Inspector-General of Cavalry, 1903-7; Lieut.-Gen. commanding Northumbrian Territorial Division, 1908; retired, 1910; Colonel-in-Chief 13/18th Hussars.

He founded the organisation of Boy Scouts to promote good citizenship in the rising generation, 1908. At Olympia, London, in July and August, 1920, the first vast gathering of "Jamborees" of boy scouts (from 27 countries) took place. The movement had spread all over the globe and had become a factor for world-peace. By 1921, there were 350,000 scouts in the British Empire and about 1,500,000 throughout the world. In 1924 another huge "Jamboree" was held in London in August. In 1924 a Girl Guides movement was started in imitation, and this also has spread over the globe.

In 1909, the Chief Scout was knighted, and in 1921 he received a baronetcy. He has also been the recipient of many other distinctions, both British and foreign.

PRINCE ATTENDS THE "JAMBOREE."

[THROUGH REUTERS' AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 1. The Prince of Wales flew to Hooton, whence he motored to the Arrowe Park Jamboree, bringing brilliant sunshine following a night's gale and torrential rain. The Prince is spending the night under canvas with the usual camp equipment—ground sheet, old iron bedstead, small deal table, portable washstand, canvas chairs and with a tallow candle as illuminant.

Mr. Mortimer I. Schiff, of Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb and Company, the well-known New York bankers, handed to the Prince of Wales at the Jamboree, a cheque for £10,000 to establish a fund to promote international friendship among boys.

THE EGG.

BISHOP'S PARABLE FOR CHURCHMEN.

The Bishop of Portsmouth, Dr. E. N. Lovett, compared various types of Churchmen to an egg in different stages before and after cooking, when opening a discussion at the recent annual conference of the Church of England Men's Society at Ipswich. The discussion was on a resolution to the effect that the great enemy of Christianity to-day was the materialistic spirit, and that every member of the Society should dedicate himself anew to the task of spiritualising every department of human life.

"When you come to look at an egg," said the Bishop, "it presents in its different phases types of so-called Churchmen. There is first of all the uncooked egg with no shape about its interior, so that if you take the shell off, it is all over the place. Are not there Churchmen like that? (Laughter.) Then there is the egg boiled just as I like it—the white of the interior sufficiently firm to keep the heart together. But the heart is adaptable. That is the sort of Churchman I like. While holding together he is able to adapt himself. Then there is the hard-boiled egg. When you get to the heart of the egg it crumbles up, but always retains its own special properties. You cannot do anything with a hard-boiled egg. There are some Churchmen like that, with no idea that they have to adapt themselves to modern conditions. This Society must be able to adapt itself to that which it comes into contact with."

Money and Markets

CANADA'S WOOLLEN TEXTILE INDUSTRY.

VALUE OF LAST YEAR'S TRADE.

["D.P." Special Service.]

Ottawa, Ont.—The Dominion Bureau of Statistics has issued a comprehensive report on the "Woollen Textile Industry in Canada 1927" which deals with the products, capital invested, number of employees, etc., under four heads: woollen cloths; woollen yarns; carpets, mats and rugs; and woollen goods, n.e.s., which includes wool felts, wool pulled, etc., wool stock (shoddy) wool waste and noils, etc.

It is pointed out that the four sections of the woollen textile industry produced manufactures to the value of \$31,212,842 in the year under review. This value compares with a total of \$31,401,222 in 1926 showing a slight reduction in value for the industry as a whole. The decline was due to a lower value of production in the first two groups or woollen cloths and woollen yarn. Production in the carpets, mats and rugs section and in the woollen goods, n.e.s., group registered increases.

Woollen cloth ranked first in production value the output of the 56 mills in this group in 1927 being valued at \$14,318,369 compared with \$15,500,063 from 54 mills in the previous year. Capital investment declined by \$305,338, the total for the year under review being \$20,170,185.

In the woollen yarns industry output in 1927 showed a slight decline at \$6,944,753 compared with \$7,009,877 in 1926. While the number of establishments remained stationary at 17, the capital investment shows a large increase from \$8,417,625 at the end of 1926 to \$9,761,057 for 1927.

Carpets and Rugs.
The carpets, mats and rugs section was in several respects the outstanding group in the woollen textile industry in 1927. The value of manufactures increased to \$4,015,339 from \$3,192,800. Capital investment was \$306,380 higher at \$4,343,572 and the number of plants was up by one at 18.

The woollen goods, n.e.s., section also shows an increase in the gross value of production from \$6,758,426 to \$6,934,366. Capital investment declined by \$236,150 to \$7,758,050 and the number of establishments reporting by 4 to 24.

Considering the industry as a whole, the report shows that the total capital invested in the woollen textile industry in Canada in 1927 was \$42,022,664. For 1926 the amount was reported as \$41,184,601 showing an increase of \$838,063 for the year under review. While the value of production or gross value of manufactures was \$155,350 lower in 1927 at \$31,212,842, the net

value or value added by manufacture obtained by deducting the cost of raw materials, was reduced to the extent of only \$63,422, this item being shown at \$14,134,214 compared with \$14,196,636 in 1926. The number of employees in 1927 was 7,963 compared with 8,033 in the previous year. The payroll was slightly higher at \$7,129,417 compared with \$6,942,120.

Interesting sections of the analysis deal with the quantity of production and the imports and exports in each division of the industry. That Canada is by no means supplying its requirements in woollens is shown by imports of woollen textiles in 1927 to the value of \$46,204,283. The summary by classes shows that this item is made up of raw materials valued at \$9,928,545, partly manufactured goods, \$4,108,537 and wholly manufactured goods, \$32,167,201.

French Tweeds.
In the grand total there is a reduction of over a million dollars from 1926 when the total was shown at \$47,371,729. The bulk of the imports of woollen textiles are from the United Kingdom. France appears prominently in the supply of worsted and scarves, and cassimeres though in each case ranking after the United Kingdom in the supply of these commodities.

Canada's exports of wool and its products, the report points out, amounted to \$3,453,453 in 1927. The principal exports were of raw wool which amounted in value to \$3,133,095 and of which the United States took \$2,306,269 worth and the United Kingdom, \$726,722. Exports in the previous year amounted to \$1,632,631.

Canada also imported carpets, mats and rugs to the value of \$2,619,527 in 1927 compared with \$2,003,104 in the previous year. Imports of oriental and hand woven rugs increased from \$640,777 to \$993,702. Imports of all varieties from the United Kingdom amounted in value to \$1,242,598. Turkey, the United States, France, Germany and China were other countries from each of whom Canada purchased carpets, mats and rugs in 1927 to an amount exceeding \$100,000 and under \$200,000.

Canada's exports of carpets, mats, etc., were valued at only \$25,708. The Bureau of Statistics in its statement directs attention to the high value of Canada's imports of carpets, mats and rugs, imports of \$2,619,527 compared with products of manufacture in Canada valued at \$4,015,339 or imports to the value of sixty-six cents for every dollar of product manufactured in Canada.

HONG KONG SHARES.

BENJAMIN & POTTS' WEEKLY REPORT.

Business during the past week has been somewhat restricted as regards local stocks, but a good deal of attention is being paid to Cottons and other Shanghai stocks, which are generally stronger.

Bank.—Hong Kong and Shanghai Banks have receded in London to 412 1/2 (Middle), but the local market has kept steady with sales reported at \$1,263.

Marine and Fire Insurances.—Unions are in good demand with buyers at \$230. China Fires continue in request at \$310. Cottons are required for at \$630. Hong Kong Fires are unchanged.

Shipping.—Preferred Indos can be placed at \$47 1/2. Hong Kong, Canton and Macao Steamships are on offer at \$24 1/2, and Waterboats at \$22. Shell Transports "Registered" have lapsed to a nominal quotation of 92 1/2.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves were dealt in at \$21 1/2, and more shares could be placed. Whampoa Docks were wanted at \$22 1/2. China Providents can be placed at \$4 3/4. Shanghai Docks have partly recovered the dividend of Tls. 7 1/2 just paid and are in demand at Tls. 133. New Engineering works were bid up to Tls. 7 1/2.

Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Hong Kong Lands were again sold at \$6 1/2, and more shares are wanted at \$6 1/2. The interim dividend of \$2. Humphreys Estates can be placed at \$13 1/2. Hong Kong and Shanghai Hotels changed hands at \$8.33 and continue in request.

Realty's have declared an Interim dividend of 30 cents payable on August 12, and have buyers at \$5.15. Public Utilities.—Hong Kong Electric have been dealt in at \$33 1/2. Hong Kong Trams are offering at \$13 1/2 after sales. China Lights (Old) were negotiated to a fair extent at \$13.05/813 1/2. Star Ferries were bought at \$64.

Miscellaneous.—Green Island Cements (Combined) have ruled firm and were dealt in to a large extent and the market closes with buyers at \$6.10. Amusements are required for at \$26. Dairy Farms have eased off to \$19 1/2. Watsons are unchanged at \$11.90. Hong Kong Government Loan can be placed at 101 per cent premium.

Oil and Mining.—With the exception of a sale of Kailans at 63/6 there is no business to report in this section. Benguet at \$31.0, Raubs at \$8 1/2 and Tronohs at 21 1/2 can be placed at quotations.

Cotton Mills.—This market has shown a considerable improvement. Ewos were booked up to Tls. 13 1/2. News of an interim dividend of 40 cents has just been received. Shanghai Cottons have buyers at the enhanced quotation of Tls. 80 for the Old, and Tls. 45 1/2 for the new shares. According to cable advices, the Oriental Cotton Mill, at present in liquidation, have declared a return of Tls. 2 1/2 per share.

Exchange.—The T.T. rate on London today is 1/11 1/2 and on Shanghai 82 1/2.

Forward Settlement Days.—August 27, September 24, and October 29, 1929.

SHANGHAI RUBBERS.

The following are to-day's cable quotations from Shanghai: Anglo-Javas Tls. 10, Anglo-Dutch Tls. 6, Batu Anas Tls. 1.05, Chemors Tls. 2.15, Consolidated Tls. 4.25, Kroe-wicks Tls. 3.20, Repabs Tls. 1.75, Tanah Merahs Tls. 1.60, Tebongs Tls. 3.10, and Ziangbes Tls. 9.90.

STEEL BROS. AND CO.

REORGANISATION OF CAPITAL ISSUE.

The ordinary capital of Steel Brothers and Co., the important East India merchant house, has been re-organised for rather novel reasons. For more than 30 years the ordinary shares have been held by those actively engaged in the business—namely, by the managing directors and the managers and assistants in London and the East.

These holders have been largely dependent for their remuneration upon the dividends paid on the ordinary shares, and the directors consider that the inducement thus held out to those engaged in the management to devote their best energies to their duties has been largely responsible for the success of the company.

The company's articles of association provide for the transfer of the ordinary shares of a retired or deceased manager to existing managers, but difficulties may arise in financing such transfers of shares. To preserve the existing system and to reduce the financial strain of acquiring ordinary shares available for transfer, each £100 ordinary share is being sub-divided into 75 preferred ordinary of £1 each and 50 deferred ordinary shares of 10s., the preferred to carry a fixed 8 per cent, non-cumulative dividend, leaving the balance of profits to the deferred ordinary shareholders.

Three-fourths of the voting rights will remain with the deferred shares, and the holders of preferred shares are to be entitled to vote at meetings only if their dividend has been reduced or passed.

DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

Buyers Sellers Sales Nominal

FRIDAY, AUGUST 2.

Banks

H.K. Banks \$1,263

Do. (London) \$1,263

Chartered Banks \$1,263

Mercantile Bks. "A" \$1,263

Do. "C" \$1,263

P. & O. Banks \$1,263

Bank of East Asia \$1,263

Insurances

Canton Ins. \$630

Underwriters \$1,80

North China \$1,80

Union Ins. \$326

Yangtze Ins. \$360

China Fires \$770

H.K. Fires \$770

Shipping

Douglases \$27

Steamboats \$24 1/2

Indos (pref.) \$50

Do. (def.) \$90

Shell Transports \$21 1/2

Water-boats \$21 1/2

Mining

Benguet \$3 1/2

Kailans \$15

Langkats (com.) \$19

Do. (single) \$19

Explorations \$14

Shanghai Loans \$4

Raubs \$8 1/2

Tronoh Mines \$18 1/2

Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.

H.K. & K. Wharfs \$127 1/2

Providents \$4 1/2

H.K. Docks \$32

Shanghai Docks \$134

New Engineering \$7

Hongkows \$11 1/2

Cotton Mills

Ewos \$15.10

Oriental \$2.35

Shai Cottons (old) \$79

Do. (new) \$45

Lands, Hotels and Buildings

H.K. & S. Hotels \$8.35

H.K. Lands \$89

Shanghai Lands \$59 1/2

H.K. Realty's \$8.10

Humphreys \$13.60

Chinese Estates \$13.60

Public Utilities

Tramways \$18.60

Peak Trams (old) \$11.50

Do. (new) \$6

Star Ferries \$24

C. Lights (old) \$13.30

Do. (new) \$13.15

H.K. Electric \$55 1/2

Macao do \$66

Sandakan Lights \$7

Telephones \$7

China Buses \$12 1/2

Tramways \$12 1/2

Do. (pref.) \$12 1/2

Industrials

Canton Ices \$2.35

Cements (comb.) \$9

Do. (old) \$8

Do. (new) \$1

Reps \$7

China Sugars \$29

Malabar Sugars \$29

United Asbestos \$29

Miscellaneous

Dairy Farms \$19.90

Der A. Wings \$27 1/2

Amusements \$1.95

Constructions \$4

Lane Crawfords \$4

Mackintoshes \$12 1/2

Nanyang Tobacco \$12

Sincere \$33 1/2

Watsons \$63 1/2

Wm. Powells \$107

H. Ind. G. Bonds \$107

H.K. Govt. Loan \$107

NEW INDUSTRY FOR INDIA.

ATTEMPT TO OUST FOREIGN RIVALS.

Tatanagar.—An interesting industrial development was inaugurated at Tatanagar when Sir Bhupendranath Mitra, Member for Industries, laid the foundation-stone of a steel foundry and machine shop which the Tatanagar Foundry Company, a subsidiary of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, is erecting for the manufacture of railway materials.

The proprietor, Mr. J. Agarwalla, said it is proposed to manufacture cast steel wheels for railways in India were at present undertaken this process Indian railways had been compelled to buy wheels outside the country, principally from America. A reverberatory furnace and an open hearth furnace will be installed in the steel foundry.

The new buildings will measure 850 feet by 225, and will include the extension of an adjacent iron foundry, where the larger castings will be made and handled by overhead cranes. The company's enterprise will give employment to 1,500 men, in addition to 2,000 working at present.

CANTON STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Canton, August 1.
Water Works \$3.50
Electric Light & Power Co. 3.50
Canton-Hankow Railways 43
The Sun Company 98.00
Sincere Company 121.00
Nanyang Bros. Tob. Co. 4.30
Kwangtung Tramways Co. 2.30
China Merchants' S.N. Co. 38.00
Central Bank of China 41.00

LONDON.

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SOUTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJIBADAK	SHANGHAI & AMOY	5th Aug.	7th Aug.	BATAVIA
TJITAROEM	SHANGHAI, K'UNING, & AMOY	11th Aug.	13th Aug.	MANILA, M'RAAL & SOERABAYA BATAVIA
TJISONDARI	SHANGHAI & AMOY	15th Aug.	17th Aug.	BATAVIA
TJILEBOET	SHANGHAI, K'UNING, & AMOY	25th Aug.	27th Aug.	MANILA, M'RAAL & SOERABAYA BATAVIA
TJIKEMBANG	SHANGHAI & AMOY	26th Aug.	28th Aug.	BATAVIA
TJIKARANG	SHANGHAI & AMOY	5th Sept.	7th Sept.	BATAVIA
TJISALAK	SHANGHAI, K'UNING, & AMOY	8th Sept.	10th Sept.	MANILA, M'RAAL & SOERABAYA

NORTH BOUND.

STEAMERS	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE ON OR ABOUT	FOR
TJISONDARI	BATAVIA	3rd Aug.	4th Aug.	AMOY & SHANGHAI
TJILEBOET	JAVA, MAKASSAR	7th Aug.	9th Aug.	AMOY & SHANGHAI
TJIKEMBANG	BATAVIA	14th Aug.	15th Aug.	AMOY & SHANGHAI
TJISALAK	JAVA, MAKASSAR	21st Aug.	22nd Aug.	AMOY & SHANGHAI
TJIKARANG	BATAVIA	24th Aug.	25th Aug.	AMOY & SHANGHAI
TJIBADAK	BATAVIA	4th Sept.	5th Sept.	AMOY & SHANGHAI
TJITAROEM	JAVA, MAKASSAR	4th Sept.	6th Sept.	AMOY & SHANGHAI

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M.S. "Asia" 17th August 24th Sept.

M.S. "Afrika" 18th Sept. 24th Oct.

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toilet articles are doing unusually goods, but imported perfumes in

well. The trade in articles of particular are being bought freely

Chinese manufacture has improved by the wealthier women.

HONG KONG MARKET REPORTS.

Yesterday's quotations for rice and other food-stuffs were as follows:—

Rice.</

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Weekly Trans-Pacific Service

To San Francisco and Los Angeles To Seattle and Victoria
The Sunshine Belt via Honolulu
Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays
Pros. Lincoln...Aug. 13, 3 a.m. Pros. Grant...Tu. Aug. 6, 10 a.m.
Pros. Madison...Tu. Aug. 27 Pros. Cleveland...Tu. Aug. 20
Pros. Jackson...Tu. Sept. 10 Pros. Pierce...Tu. Sept. 3
Pros. McKinley...Tu. Sept. 24 Pros. Taft...Tu. Sept. 17

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Fortnightly sailing on Sunday via Manila, Saigon, Colombo, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

Pros. Wilson...Sun. Aug. 11, 8 a.m. Pros. Polk...Sun. Sept. 22, 8 a.m.
Pros. Van Buren...Aug. 25, 8 p.m. Pros. Adams...Sun. Oct. 6, 8 p.m.
Pros. Garfield...Sun. Sept. 8, 8 p.m. Pros. Harrison...Sun. Oct. 20, 8 p.m.

To Manila

Pros. Lincoln...Aug. 3, 6 p.m. Pros. Pierce...Aug. 27, 6 p.m.
Pros. Cleveland...Aug. 13, 6 p.m. Pros. Jackson...Aug. 31, 6 p.m.
Pros. Madison...Aug. 17, 6 p.m. Pros. Taft...Sept. 10, 6 p.m.

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REDUCED PASSAGE RATES.

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE ... £75.
LONDON ... £83.

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI.

From Hong Kong.

S.S. "PIAVE" ... Sails on or about 6th Aug.
M.V. "REMO" ... Sails on or about 16th Aug.
S.S. "DUCHESSA D'AOSTA" ... Sails on or about 3rd Sept.
M.V. "ESQUILINO" ... Sails on or about 12th Sept.

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

From Hong Kong.

M.V. "VIMINALE" ... Sails on or about 20th Aug.
S.S. "PIAVE" ... Sails on or about 7th Sept.
M.V. "REMO" ... Sails on or about 17th Sept.

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IRISH "JOAN OF ARC."

ROMANTIC CAREER OF MADAME McBRIDE.

REPUBLICAN AND FENIAN.

[United Press.]

Dublin.—Maud Conne, or, to state her full name in recent years, Madame Conne McBride—is a remarkable figure, not only in the political history of Ireland, but also in that of France at one period. She was a Boulangist and a Fenian, and in later years espoused the cause of extreme Republicanism in the Irish Free State. In a word, she has always been a revolutionist. She was born about 65 years ago in London, being the daughter of Colonel Conne of the British Army, who had some record as a soldier in various parts of the British Empire. At a time when she was still almost in her teens she was with her father and sister to reside in Paris. She might be said to be brought up in the Bohemian atmosphere, of the gay city, and was talented and artistic.

Bohemian Girlhood.

After the death of her father she remained in France with her sister. They had been left a sufficient income to support them. The sister married a British officer named Pilcher, who became a General and took a prominent part in the Boer War. The Boulangist Party were still a force in France in Maud Conne's girlhood, and she joined it with enthusiasm, her associates at the time including many prominent Frenchmen and women.

In the early 'Nineties she became connected with Irish politics at a time when the intensive movement of Parnell had given way to a campaign in favour of amnesty for Irish political prisoners. Many of those who took part in the Fenian movement were in English convict prisons, and the British Government were accused of their callousness and cruelty in their treatment. At this period Maud Conne was up and down the country addressing meetings after meetings.

She was then a strikingly beautiful woman with a mass of golden hair crowning a regal head. Tall and stately, with a captivating manner, and already experienced as a platform orator, she was a new and striking figure in Irish politics, readily attracting admirers all over the country, and soon came to be designated the "Irish Joan of Arc."

The Amnesty movement had a successful result, all the prisoners being released in 1903.

In America Too.

When next Maud Conne was heard of, she was in America where she became acquainted with some of the leaders of the Clan-na-Gael with whom she threw in her lot for the cause of Ireland.

She made several trips between Paris and New York on behalf of the Clan-na-Gael. In 1907 she was again in Ireland, at a period when the feeling of discontent at British rule was running high once more. It was the year of Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee, and its attempted celebration in Ireland led to serious disturbances in many places. In Dublin, on Jubilee night, Maud Conne was one of the leaders of meetings denouncing England, and waved a black flag instead of the Union Jack.

Serious rioting in which there were police charges and foot, resulted in many persons being injured, and an old lady killed.

In 1909 Maud Conne returned to Paris, on the outbreak of the Boer war the following year espoused the cause of the Burghers with characteristic ardour. In 1900 Major John MacBride, who had led the Irish Brigade in the Transvaal, arrived in Paris, where he became acquainted with Miss Conne. Their acquaintance ripened into a close friendship, and in 1901 they visited America on a lecturing tour to raise money for Arthur Griffith's paper in Dublin. After a brief but successful tour they returned to Paris and were married. Miss Conne in the meantime having been received into the Catholic Church. Five years later they were divorced.

Prosecuted Several Times.

Major MacBride came to Ireland and, eventually settling in Dublin, was in close touch with the Sinn Féin revolutionaries, took part in the 1916 Rebellion and was executed with the other chief leaders after surrender.

Following the events of 1916 Mrs. MacBride appeared in Dublin and took the name of Madame Conne MacBride. She was accompanied by her son, Sean who, now a stalwart young man, inheriting the good looks and the patriotic enthusiasm of his mother, took an active part in the revolutionary movement which resulted in Treaty of 1921. He took the side of the Republicans at the time of the Civil War, and was several times imprisoned. Madame MacBride also espoused the Republican cause, and was herself prosecuted on several occasions.

For some years she has been associated with Mrs. Despard, the picturesque little frail old lady.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

MAGICIAN AND HIS CULT.

SUCCESS AMONG GERMAN POOR.

END OF ENGLAND PROPHESED.

Berlin.—Joseph Weissenberg, whose recent "prophecy" that England would disappear into the sea was falsified by the absence of any unusual natural phenomena in the United Kingdom on the fatal day, is now in danger of coming into collision with the law.

The Berlin criminal police have confiscated the body of a druggist named Wernicke, who died last Thursday from blood poisoning due to a boil on the neck. Wernicke, who was a fanatical adherent of Weissenberg, refused any other treatment, than that which the "prophet" should prescribe.

The prescription, it is alleged, was the application of soft cheese to the wound, together with a diet of butter-milk.

Sect Causing Alarm.

The doctors who at length treated Wernicke when his case was already hopeless, declared that there would have been no question of a fatal issue if recourse had been had to the ordinary processes of scientific medicine.

The criminal police are stated to be consulting with the Public Prosecutor as to whether the case does not call for proceedings in the Courts.

The affair is serving to direct a good deal of public attention to Weissenberg and his sect. What is causing alarm is the growing number of adherents to a sect whose practices and pretensions are the

outcome of a thoroughly unhealthy state of mind. The leader Weissenberg claims to be able to conjure up spirits, to heal the sick by the laying on of hands, and to work all manner of miracles.

Outrageous Claims.

Magic is his method, and his appeal is through the medium of the most primitive forms of suggestion. Nor is he content merely to be the founder of a sect; he claims to be the Divinity in mortal form, and his followers believe in him as such. Yet close observers of Weissenberg deny him any kind of mystical inspiration or religious originality. Hysterical outbursts are part of the recognised ritual of the sect, not only during worship, but during the most ordinary performances of every-day life, such as taking a meal.

In Weissenberg's weekly organ, the "White Mountain," of which the circulation is given as 17,000 and in which the number of advertisements testifies to some financial backing, interviews are published with the ghost of Bismarck and the Archangel Gabriel.

The same publishers issue a brochure containing, for instance, "cosmological explanations of the politico-geological prophecies of the last few months," referring, of course, to the destruction of England or Denmark and to epidemic outbreaks of pests in Russia or Germany.

JUNK MASTER CONVICTED. LIQUOR CARGO IN TRANSIT.

The case against the Chinese junk master who was charged with unlawful possession of dutiable liquor and 50 packages of cigarettes was concluded yesterday before Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistrate.

His Worship registered a conviction and cautioned the defendant, ordering the wine and tobacco to be confiscated.

The case gave rise to an interesting argument as to whether a boat passing through the waters of the Colony with dutiable liquor on board was infringing the local laws.

The Magistrate asked Mr. H. A. Taylor of the Import & Export Office, and who prosecuted, if it were true that the defendant was, as he had stated, passing through the waters of the Colony from Shum Chun to Miu Wan in Chinese territory, would any duty be payable in Hong Kong?

Mr. Taylor replied in the negative.

His Worship remarked that he thought he had better give the defendant the benefit of the doubt.

In reply to his Worship, who asked if the prosecution would ask for the confiscation of the wine and tobacco, Mr. Taylor said that the defendant had broken the letter of the law and the defendant must be convicted. Defendant must have known the law as his boat was registered in the Colony.

His Worship pointed out that the position would be rather curious if the defendant's wine were returned to him. It would be interesting to see if he went off to Miu Wan, where he stated he was going. Perhaps, his Worship smilingly remarked, a police launch might escort him.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

The following passengers arrived here yesterday by the s.s. Khyber from Yokohama:—Mr. and Mrs. Ferris, Mr. and Mrs. Maycock, Mr. A. C. Maycock and four children, Col. and Mrs. Skinner, Mr. S. C. Lee, Mr. L. K. Wang, Mr. C. A. Cooke, Mr. G. E. Gibson, Mr. M. Marks, Mr. and Mrs. Mackenzie, Misses J. M. and M. S. Mackenzie, Mr. A. W. Coverdale, Mr. J. Wilkins and two children, Mr. K. L. Keag, Mr. L. A. Kheew, Mr. S. L. Schested, Mr. H. Wood, Mr. P. P. Pandya, Mid. R. B. Pennefather, Mid. T. Y. Thompson, Mr. H. B. Patrick, Mr. B. C. Finch, Mr. W. Burrow, Mr. S. M. Vincent, Mr. B. T. Hopkins, Mr. and Mrs. Castleton, Misses R. and G. Castleton, Master Castleton, A.E. V. S. Rocha, Mr. J. E. Powell, Mrs. K. Artindale, Mr. M. Chennan, Rev. and Mrs. Marler.

sister of Lord French, late Viceroy of Ireland, in a campaign directed against the arrests and imprisonment of men and women for political offences.

Each Sunday afternoon, at the conclusion of last Mass at the Cathedral, Dublin, one or the other address a meeting of some hundreds of people in the vicinity of the Church, and whether it be wet or fine they can always rely on an audience for they have a following of adherents who faithfully flock to their platform Sunday after Sunday.

Mrs. MacBride resides with Mrs. Despard in a pretty residence at Clonsilla, a suburb of the City.

TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 330 METRES.

1.45 p.m.—Weather report.
5.30 to 6.30 p.m.—Programme of Chinese music (records supplied by The Sincere Co., Ltd.).

7.45 p.m.—Evening weather report.

8 p.m.—Evening programme.

(Columbia) records supplied by Messrs. Anderson Music Co., Ltd.).

"Lullaby Time" (Ross, Schubert).

Vocal Gems Columbia Light Opera Company.

Dance music.

8.45 p.m.—"La Bohème" (Puccini). Selection New Queen's Hall Light Orchestra.

Dance music.

9.30 p.m.—"The Merchant Of Venice" (Rossini). Incidental Music. Organ Solo, Quentin MacLean.

Dance music.

10.15 p.m.—"Jolly Fellows," Waltz, and "Hydropaten," Waltz, Anton Weiss and The New Concert Orchestra.

10.30 p.m.—Close down.

SUNDAY.

"ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL" TO BE RELAYED.

The following programme will be broadcast on Sunday from the Government Broadcasting Station Z.B.W. on 330 metres:

1.45 p.m.—Weather report.

5.35 p.m.—Evening service relayed from St. John's Cathedral.

7.45 p.m.—Evening weather report.

8 p.m.—Evening programme.

(Victor and H.M.V. records supplied by Messrs. S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.).

"Tosca" (Puccini). Potpourri, Marek Weber and His Orchestra.

"Friend O' Mine" and "Shipmates O' Mine," Bass, Manuel Hemmingsway.

"Love's Garden Of Roses" and "Chanson" (In Love). Organ Solo, Reginald Foot.

"Hark! Hark! The Lark" and "Who Is Sylvia?" Boy Soprano, Master E. Lougheed.

"Ming" and "I Zingari," Tenor, Trio De Groot-Violin.

David Bor—Piano, H.M. Calve—Cello.

"Ave Maria" (Bach—Gounod) and "The Roseary" (Nevin).

Organ Solo, Charles O'Connell.

"L'Arlesienne" (Bizet), Prelude, Royal Opera Orch., Covent Garden.

"The Arrow And The Song" (Balfe) and "Flower Of The Desert" (Lohr), Baritone, Percy Heming.

"Le Source Ballet." The Band of H.M. Goldstream Guards.

"I Love The Moon" and "Jeunesse," Tenor, Walter Glynn.

"When I Survey The Wondrous Cross" and "Nearer, My God, To Thee," Westminster Central Hall Choir.

10.30 p.m.—Close down.

Woman, at the Thames Court: My husband carries on something awful at home; I think he must be a drug addict.

Willenden magistrate: Have you any witnesses? Prisoner: No, sir; all I can do is to ignore what the policeman says.



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M.V. "FRIEDLAND" ... due here on or about the 17th Aug.
S.S. "PREUSSEN" ... due here on or about the 4th Sept.
M.V. "VOGTLAND" ... due here on or about the 13th Sept.
M.V. "DUISBURG" ... due here on or about the 27th Sept.

HOMEWARD.

Sailings for Genoa, Rotterdam and Hamburg via Manila, Singapore, Colombo & Port Said:—

M.V. "HAVELLAND" ... sailing from here on or about the 10th Aug.
M.V. "LEVERKUSEN" ... sailing from here on or about the 24th Aug.
M.V. "ERMLAND" ... sailing from here on or about the 7th Sept.
M.V. "BURGENLAND" ... sailing from here on or about the 1st Sept.
S.S. "PREUSSEN" ... sailing from here on or about the 5th Oct.
M.V. "VOGTLAND" ... sailing from here on or about the 19th Oct.

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Stranded Steamship Gutted; Child Slavery In Factories; Illicit Opium Arrests, are other features.

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Optional Cargo will not be landed here, unless Notice has been given prior to Vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon within the Free Storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Vessel's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 9th August, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Vessel must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 23rd August, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

3rd August, 1929.

[8198]

ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

ALEXANDRIA

Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.

AMOEY

Talpa, B. I., Aug. 3.
Anhui, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Gurna, B. I., Aug. 4.
Tijssend, J.C.J.L., Aug. 4.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 7.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 7.
Tijssend, J.C.J.L., Aug. 9.
Dalgoma, B. I., Aug. 9.
Anking, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Luchow, B. & S., Aug. 14.
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 15.
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Takada, B. I., Aug. 16.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Aug. 22.
Rumsang, Jardine's, Aug. 23.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.

ANTWERP

Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS

Changte, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Raga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.

BALTIC PORTS

Java, Manners, Sept. 1.

BALTIMORE

Adrastrus, B.F., Aug. 3.
Springbank, Bank, Aug. 3.
Phemius, B.F., Sept. 2.

BANGKOK

Hiram, Thoresen's, Aug. 4.
Kaying, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Hellas, Thoresen's, Aug. 11.
Kwangchow, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Hellas, Thoresen's, Aug. 15.
Hirundo, Thoresen's, Aug. 23.

BELAWAN DELI

Springbank, Bank, Aug. 3.
Van Heutsz, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.

BOMBAY

Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.

BOSTON

Adrastrus, B.F., Aug. 3.
Springbank, Bank, Aug. 3.
Raby Castle, Dodwell's, Aug. 6.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 23.
Phemius, B.F., Sept. 2.

BREMEN

Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.

BRINDISI

Viminale, Dodwell's, Aug. 20.

CALCUTTA

Talamba, B.I., Aug. 4.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
Namsang, Jardine's, Aug. 11.
Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 11.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 16.
Yuenan, Jardine's, Aug. 19.
Talpa, B.I., Aug. 27.

CEBU

Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.

CHEFOO

Kueichow, B. & S., Aug. 6.
Huichow, B. & S., Aug. 16.

COLOMBO

Himalaya, Dodwell's, Aug. 3.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Chenoneaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.

COPENHAGEN

Nagoya, Gilman's, Aug. 11.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.

DALINY

Chenan, B. & S., Aug. 7.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Luchow, B. & S., Aug. 14.
Coblentz, Melchers, Aug. 23.

DUTCH PORTS

Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 15.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 24.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.

FOOCHOW

Haining, Douglas, Aug. 6.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 9.

GENOA

Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 24.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.

GLASGOW

Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.

GOTHENBURG

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 15.

HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW

Canton, M.M., Aug. 3.
Tonkin, M.M., Aug. 13.

HAMBURG

Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 15.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 24.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.

HAYRE

Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.

HONOLULU

Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 7.
Bokuyō Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.
Tenyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.

ILOILO

Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.

JAPAN PORTS

Talpa, B. I., Aug. 3.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 5.
Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 5.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 6.
Fliedland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 6.
Tanda, E. & S., Aug. 6.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 7.
Nowsheer, P. & O., Aug. 7.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Dalgoma, B. I., Aug. 10.
Eurylochus, B.F., Aug. 12.
Igo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.
Shenmount, P. & O., Aug. 12.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 13.
Menelaus, B.F., Aug. 13.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.
Reno, Dodwell's, Aug. 15.
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 15.
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 16.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Aug. 16.
Moera, P. & S., Aug. 18.
Takada, B. I., Aug. 18.
Friedland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 17.
Matsuyama Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Bokuyō Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Garbata, B. I., Aug. 20.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.
Tenyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Kumsang, Jardine's, Aug. 23.
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 24.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 27.
Glenahil, Jardine's, Aug. 30.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.
Duchessa d'Aosta, D'well's, Sept. 3.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.
Prussien, J.C.J.L., Sept. 3.

JAVIA PORTS

Tijbadak, J.C.J.L., Aug. 7.
Tijssend, J.C.J.L., Aug. 13.
Tijssend, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Tijssend, J.C.J.L., Aug. 27.
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 28.

LIVERPOOL

Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.

LONDON

Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Chenoneaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.

LOS ANGELES

Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.
Bokuyō Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.

MANILA

Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 3.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 11.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 13.
Tijssend, J.C.J.L., Aug. 13.
Isar due from Europe Aug. 16.
Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.
Changte, B. & S., Aug. 20.
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 24.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.
Tijssend, J.C.J.L., Aug. 27.
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 23.

MARSEILLES

Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Chenoneaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.

NAPLES

Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.

NEWCHWANG

Chenan, B. & S., Aug. 7.
Luchow, B. & S., Aug. 14.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Adrastrus, B.F., Aug. 3.
Springbank, Bank, Aug. 3.
Raby Castle, Dodwell's, Aug. 6.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 23.
Phemius, B.F., Sept. 2.

NORTH CHINA

Ermland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 6.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 16.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 1.
Friedland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 17.
Coblentz, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Afrika, Manners, Sept. 1.

ORAN

Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 24.

OSLO

Java, Manners, Sept. 1.

PANAMA

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Bokuyō Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.

PENANG

Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Talamba, B. I., Aug. 3.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., July Aug. 9.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Namsang, Jardine's, Aug. 11.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Takliwa, B. I., Aug. 11.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.
Van Heutsz, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 16.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Yuenan, Jardine's, Aug. 19.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 24.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.

PORTLAND

Michigan, S.S.S., Aug. 3.
New York, S.S.S., Aug. 14.

RANGOON

Talamba, B. I., Aug. 3.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., July Aug. 9.
Takliwa, B. I., Aug. 11.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 16.

SAIGON

Chenoneaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.

SANDAKAN

Mausang, Jardine's, Aug. 3.
Hinsang, Jardine's, Aug. 14.

SAN FRANCISCO

Michigan, S.S.S., Aug. 3.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 7.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.
New York, S.S.S., Aug. 14.
Tenyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.

SCANDINAVIAN PORTS

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 15.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.

SEATTLE

Pres. Grant, Dollar, Aug. 6.
Igo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 24.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.

SHANGHAI

City of Peking, Bank, Aug. 3.
Meriones, B.F., Aug. 3.
Gurna, B. I., Aug. 4.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Aug. 4.
Szechuen, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Tijssend, J.C.J.L., Aug. 7.
Kanchow, B. & S., Aug. 7.
Kitano Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 8.
Morioka Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 8.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 6.
Fliedland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 6.
Tanda, E. & S., Aug. 6.
Taiyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 7.
Nowsheer, P. & O., Aug. 7.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Dalgoma, B. I., Aug. 10.
Suiyang, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Yatshing, Jardine's, Aug. 11.
Igo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.
Shenmount, P. & O., Aug. 12.
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 13.

SHANGHAI—(Continued)

Menelaus, B.F., Aug. 13.
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.
Chaksang, Jardine's, Aug. 14.
Luchow, B. & S., Aug. 14.
Sunning, B. & S., Aug. 14.
Reno, Dodwell's, Aug. 15.
Teon, B. & S., Aug. 15.
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Burgeland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.
Glenapp, Jardine's, Aug. 16.
Moera, P. & S., Aug. 16.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 1.
Friedland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 17.
Matsuyama Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.
Tenyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Aug. 22.
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 27.
Coblentz, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Glenahil, Jardine's, Aug. 30.
Afrika, Manners, Sept. 1.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.
Duchessa d'Aosta, D'well's, Sept. 3.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.
Prussien, J.C.J.L., Sept. 3.

SINGAPORE

Himalaya, D'well's, Aug. 3.
Khyber, P. & O., Aug. 3.
Anhui, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Talamba, B. I., Aug. 4.
Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
Bengal Maru, N.Y.K., July Aug. 9.
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 11.
Bingō Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
City of Athens, Bank, Aug. 9.
Fushimi Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 10.
Havelland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 10.
Anking, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Kwangchow, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Namsang, Jardine's, Aug. 11.
Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.
Takliwa, B. I., Aug. 11.
Tamba Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 11.
Chenoneaux, M.M., Aug. 13.
Isar, Melchers, Aug. 16.
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 15.
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 16.
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.
Yuenan, Jardine's, Aug. 19.
Leverkusen, J.C.J.L., Aug. 24.
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 24.
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 23.
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.
Java, Manners, Sept. 1.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS

Bingō Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.
Tinhov, Bank, Aug. 12.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS

Bingō Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 9.

SWATOW

Anhui, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Hiram, Thoresen's, Aug. 4.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Aug. 4.
Kaying, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Szechuen, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 7.
Sinking, B. & S., Aug. 7.
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 9.
Anking, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Hellas, Thoresen's, Aug. 11.
Kwangchow, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Suiyang, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Tjialak, J.C.J.L., Aug. 11.
Chaksang, Jardine's, Aug. 14.
Sunning, B. & S., Aug. 14.
Teon, B. & S., Aug. 15.
Helios, Thoresen's, Aug. 15.
Hirundo, Thoresen's, Aug. 23.

TIENTSIN

Ermland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 6.
Kueichow, B. & S., Aug. 6.
Cheongshing, B. & S., Aug. 6.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Huichow, B. & S., Aug. 16.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 1.
Chipsing, Jardine's, Aug. 23.
Coblentz, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Afrika, Manners, Sept. 1.

TRIESTE AND VENICE

Viminale, Dodwell's, Aug. 20.

TSINGTAO

City of Peking, Bank, Aug. 3.
Hopsang, Jardine's, Aug. 4.
Szechuen, B. & S., Aug. 4.
Ermland, J.C.J.L., Aug. 6.
Haining, Jardine's, Aug. 7.
Sinking, B. & S., Aug. 7.
Alster, Melchers, Aug. 10.
Suiyang, B. & S., Aug. 11.
Yatshing, Jardine's, Aug. 11.
Chaksang, Jardine's, Aug. 14.
Sunning, B. & S., Aug. 14.
Asia, Manners, Sept. 1.
Coblentz, Melchers, Aug. 23.
Afrika, Manners, Sept. 1.

VANCOUVER, B.C.

Bellingham, S.S.S., Aug. 18.
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 24.

VICTORIA, B.C.

Pres. Grant, Dollar, Aug. 6.
Igo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 24.
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.

VLADIVOSTOK

Glenapp, Jardine's, Aug. 13.
Glenahil, Jardine's, Aug. 30.
Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.

WEIHAIWEI

Kueichow, B. & S., Aug. 6.
Patroclus, B.F., Aug. 7.
Huichow, B. & S., Aug. 16.

EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS. CONSIGNEE NOTICES

Achilles due from Shanghai Aug. 20.

Adrastrus due from Shanghai Aug. 15.

Agapenor due from Shanghai Aug. 20.

Agra left for Shanghai July 27.

Akina Maru left for Japan July 19.

Alaska Maru due from Singapore Aug. 10.

Alipore due from Europe Sept. 10.

Alster due from Europe Aug. 12.

Angers due from Europe Sept. 10.

Angsburg due from Shanghai Aug. 27.

Antenor due from Japan Sept. 1.

Arafura arrived from Japan July 31.

Asia due from Europe Aug. 14.

Asphalion due from Europe Sept. 12.

Athos II, due from Shanghai Aug. 27.

Bengal Maru due from Japan Aug. 10.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANHUI"	On 4th Aug.	8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SZECHUEN"	On 4th Aug.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KAYING"	On 4th Aug.	Noon
SHANGHAI	"KANCHOW"	On 5th Aug.	3 p.m.
SWATOW, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"KUEICHOW"	On 6th Aug.	2 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SINKIANG"	On 7th Aug.	10 a.m.
AMOI, SHAI, N'CHUANG & DALNY	"CHENAN"	On 7th Aug.	5 p.m.
SHANGHAI	"CHENGTO"	On 8th Aug.	5 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	"ANKING"	On 11th Aug.	8 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUIYANG"	On 11th Aug.	10 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	"KWANGCHEOW"	On 11th Aug.	Noon
SWATOW, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	"SUNNING"	On 14th Aug.	10 a.m.
AMOI, SHAI, N'CHUANG & DALNY	"LUCHOW"	On 14th Aug.	5 p.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	"TEAN"	On 15th Aug.	2 p.m.
WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 16th Aug.	11 a.m.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

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AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE, LIMITED.

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STEAMERS	Days from Hong Kong	Days to Last
CHANGTE	15th August	20th August
TAIPING	10th September	17th September
CHANGTE	11th October	18th October

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Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.

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ROYAL OBSERVATORY'S DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

AUGUST 1, 1929.													AUGUST 2, 1929.												
STATION	HONG KONG STANDARD TIME	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY	WIND			HONG KONG STANDARD TIME	BAROMETER AT SEA LEVEL		TEMPERATURE	HUMIDITY	WIND			HONG KONG STANDARD TIME								
		INCHES	MILLS.			DIRECTION	FORCE (Beaufort)	INCHES		MILLS.	DIRECTION			FORCE (Beaufort)	INCHES	MILLS.		DIRECTION	FORCE (Beaufort)						
Wladivostok	12	29.76	755.9	81	...	SE	2	a	9	29.80	756.8	71	...	...	...	0	0					
Nemuro	11	29.78	756.5	...	...	SE	1	...	5	29.73	755.0	...	...	SW	...	1	...				
Hokodate	"	29.80	757.0	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.88	759.0	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Tokio	"	29.80	759.5	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.80	759.5	...	...	...	...	0	1
Kochi	"	29.92	760.0	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.88	759.0	...	...	SSE	...	1	0		
Nagasaki	"	29.94	760.5	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.88	759.0	...	...	...	...	1	0
Kagoshima	"	29.94	760.6	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.84	758.0	...	...	...	...	1	1
Oshima	"	29.88	759.0	...	...	...	1	0	...	29.82	757.5	...	...	ESE	...	1	1			
Naha	"	29.86	758.5	...	...	NNW	1	...	...	20.78	756.5	...	...	SW	...	1	4		
Ishigakijima	"	29.84	758.0	...	...	SE	1	...	...	29.76	756.0	...	...	SSW	...	0	0		
Bonin Island	"	29.82	757.5	...	...	NE	1	...	...	29.79	756.8	78	92	...	...	2	4		
Chefoo	13	29.75	753.6	96	63	E	4	b	6	29.76	756.0	78	94	ESE	SE	2	4								
Shanghai	"	29.81	757.2	82	71	SSE	4	b	...	29.83	757.7	76	92	SE	...	4	0								
Gutzlaff	"	29.89	759.2	82	71	SSE	4	b	...	29.71	754.6	77	94	...	...	0	2						
Sharp Peak	"	29.78	756.4	81	85	SSE	1	2	r	29.73	755.1	77	95	SW	...	...	...					
Amoy	"	29.77	756.1	78	85	NE	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0
Swatow	"	29.82	757.5	78	100	SE	4	...	5	29.75	756.0	73	94	ESE	...	0	0								
Taihekou	11	29.81	757.2	90	66	ESE	4	...	...	29.78	756.8	73	...	...	...	2	0			
Taihu	"	29.85	758.1	86	...	...	0	...	...	29.75	755.7	73	...	E	...	0	0				
Tainan	"	29.82	757.5	86	...	...	0	...	...	29.75	755.7	73	...	...	...	0	0	
Koshun	"	29.82	757.5	84	...	...	0	...	...	29.73	755.1	77	...	...	...	0	0	
Pescadores	"	29.85	758.1	84	...	NW	3	...	6	29.70	754.4	78	94	...	...	0	4						
Hong Kong	14	29.74	755.4	81	86	SW	4	...	...	29.71	754.6	...	...	SW	...	4	2				
Gap Rock	"	29.74	755.4	81	86	F	4	...	...	29.66	753.5	79	92	SW	...	1	4						
Macao	"	29.71	754.5	86	81	SSW	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoioh	"	29.77	756.1	82	91	S	2	c	...	29.73	755.1	78	85	SSW	...	...	...					
Bonin Island	"	29.77	756.1	82	91	SSE	4	b	7	29.62	752.4	81	86	S	...	1	0								
Phu Lien	15	29.62	752.4	90	69	SSE	...	...	...	29.71	754.5	82	...	...	...	...	...			
Tourane	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.73	755.1	77	91	...	...	0	0
Basco	14	29.75	755.7	81	90	N	1	...	6	29.75	755.7	77	92	...	...	2	0						
Apurri	"	29.75	755.7	82	81	...	0	...	...	29.75	755.7	77	88	S	...	1	0						
Tuguegarao	"	29.76	756.0	84	71	...	0	...	...	29.79	756.6	76	94	SSE	...	2	0						
Vigan	"	29.79	756.6	82	77	SW	2	...	...	29.81	757.2	73	92	...	...	2	0				
Manila	"	29.81	757.2	82	68	SW	2	...	...	29.78	756.8	77	91	SW	...	2	0						
Legaspi	"	29.76	756.0	86	77	WSW	4	...	...	29.81	757.2	79	84	W	...	2	0						
Calbayog	"	29.80	756.9	86	75	SW	4	...	...	29.85	758.1	77	89	SW	...	...	...					
Tacloban	"	29.81	757.2	81	69	SW	4	...	...	29.84	757.7	79	81	SW	...	...	...					
Hoilo	"	29.80	756.9	86	71	SW	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cebu	"	29.79	756.6	86	65	S	4	...	...	29.82	757.5	81	80	SSW	...	4	4						
Surigao	"	29.60	756.9	86	58	SW	4	b	...	29.82	757.5	76	...	ESE	...	1	4								
Saipan	12.22	29.80	756.9	...	...	S	4	...	4.22	29.79	756.6	...	...	SE	...	4	1				
Guam	11.00	29.82	757.5	...	...	SW	4	...	5	29.86	758.4	...	...	SW	...	2	2				
Yap	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.88	759.0	76	...	WNW	...	4	1
Pelew	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.86	758.4	78	...	SE	...	1	0
Ponape	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.88	757.7	80	87	...	...	...	...				
Labuan	14	29.81	757.2	88	69	SE	4	b	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

